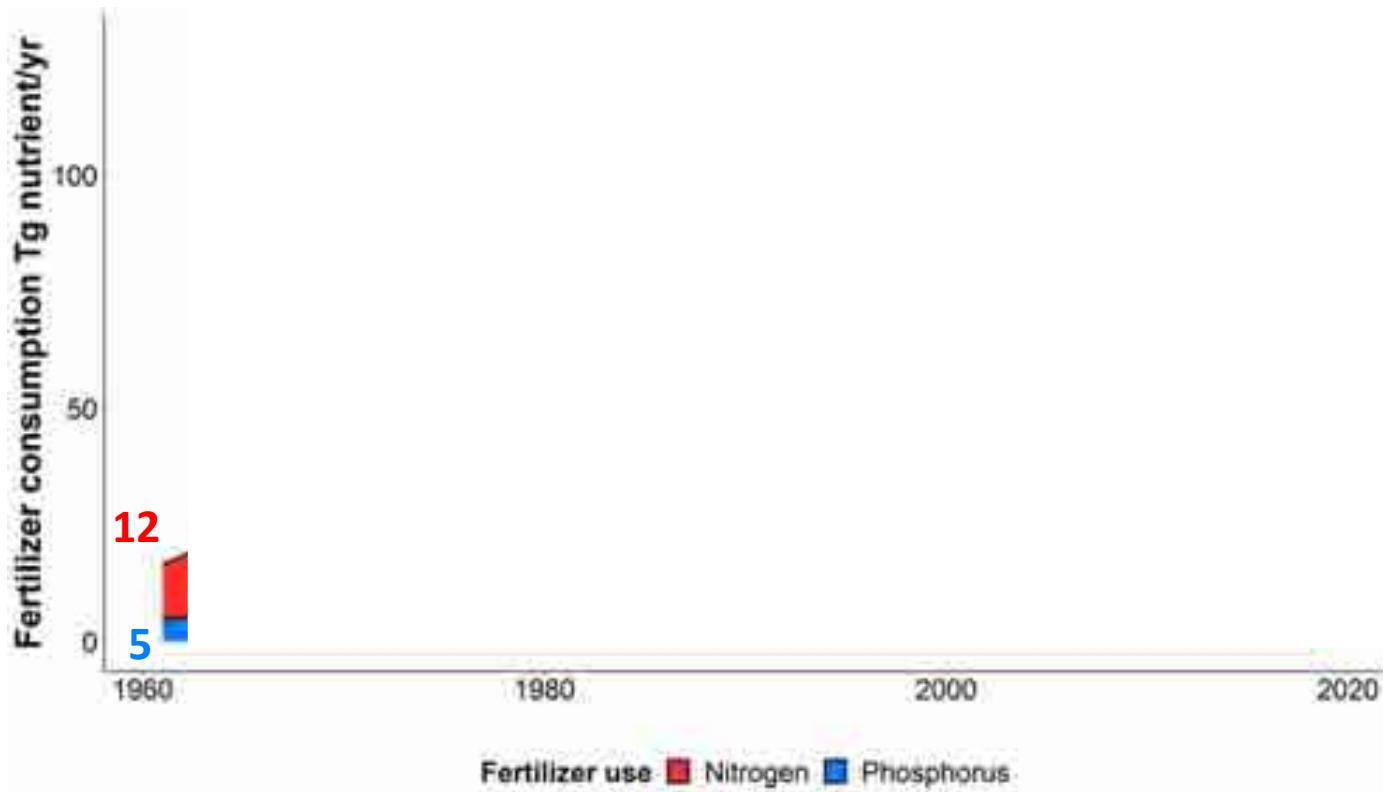


Past and future trends for N and P fertilization in the world

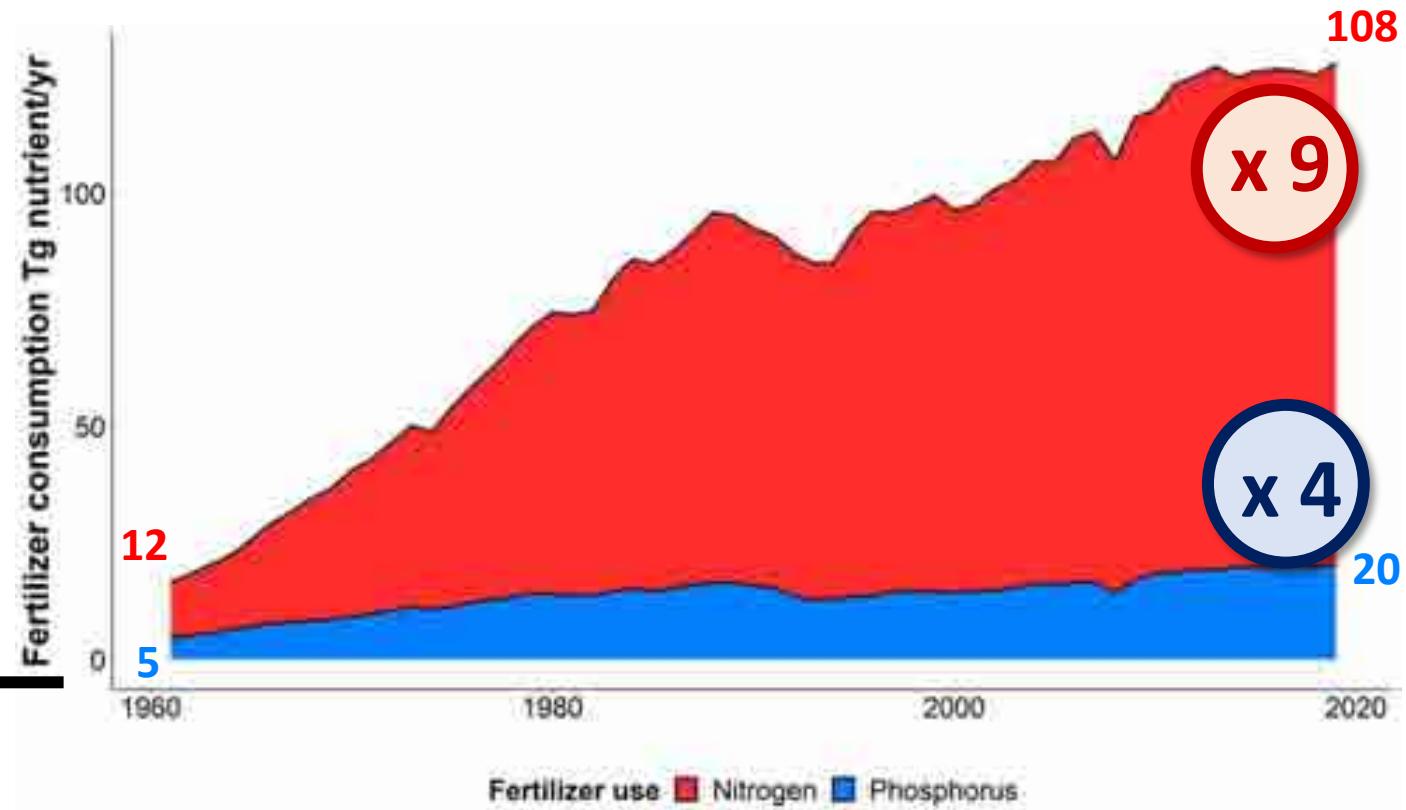
Luis Lassaletta

21-jun-22

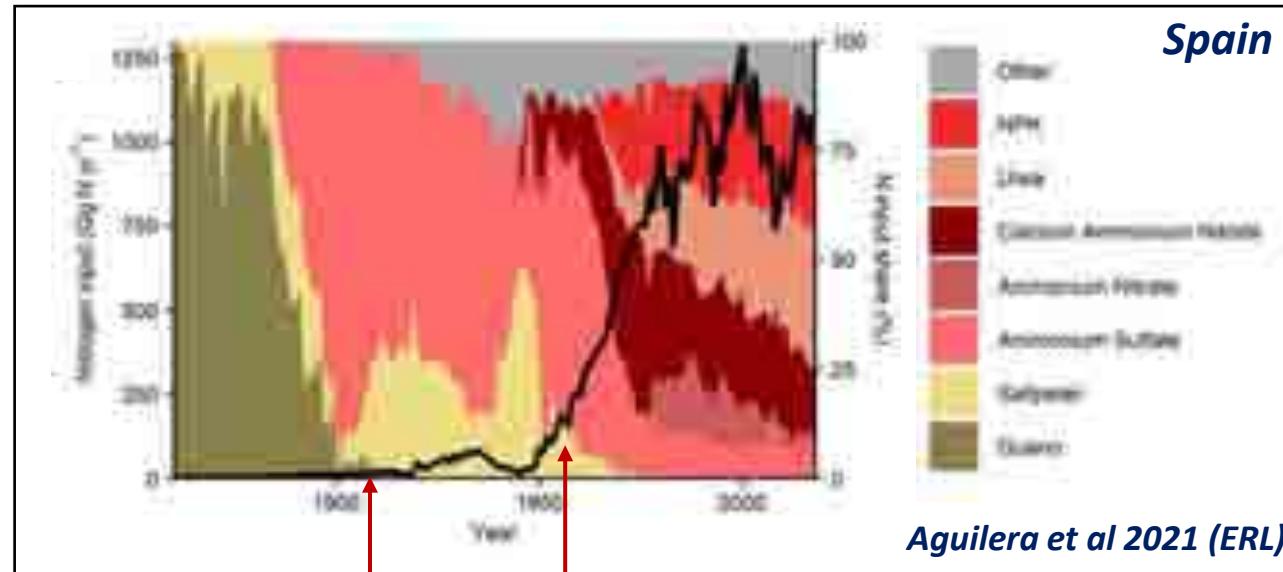




(Data source of the figure IFA 2022)



How was before 1961?



Haber-Bosch

FAO-IFA data

Fertilizer consumption Tg

12

5

108

20

2030

2050

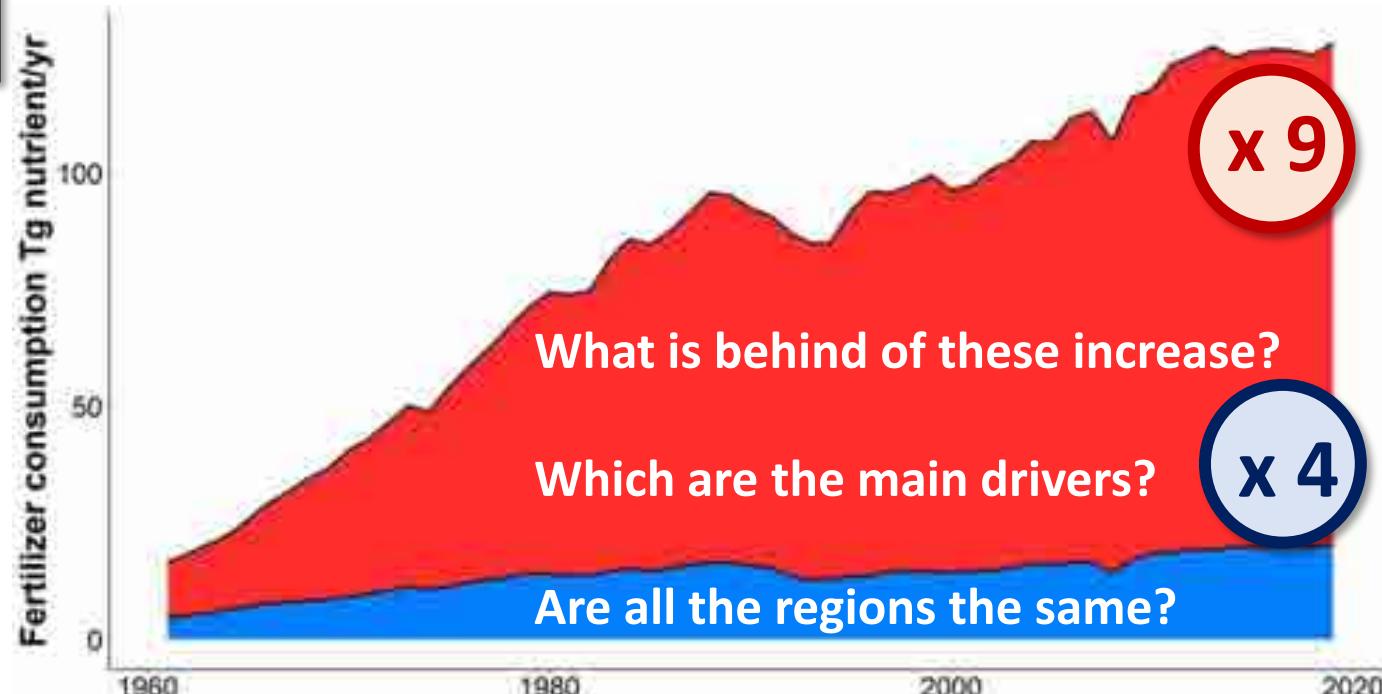
Fertilizer use ■ Nitrogen ■ Phosphorus

How was before 1961?

What about the future?

To imagine the future we first need to understand the past

- 1. Quality of the data?
- 2. The big picture



What is behind of these increase?

Which are the main drivers?

Are all the regions the same?

x 9

x 4

- 7. Future global scenarios

- 8. N₂O

- 3. Cropland expansion vs. intensification
- 4. Other inputs

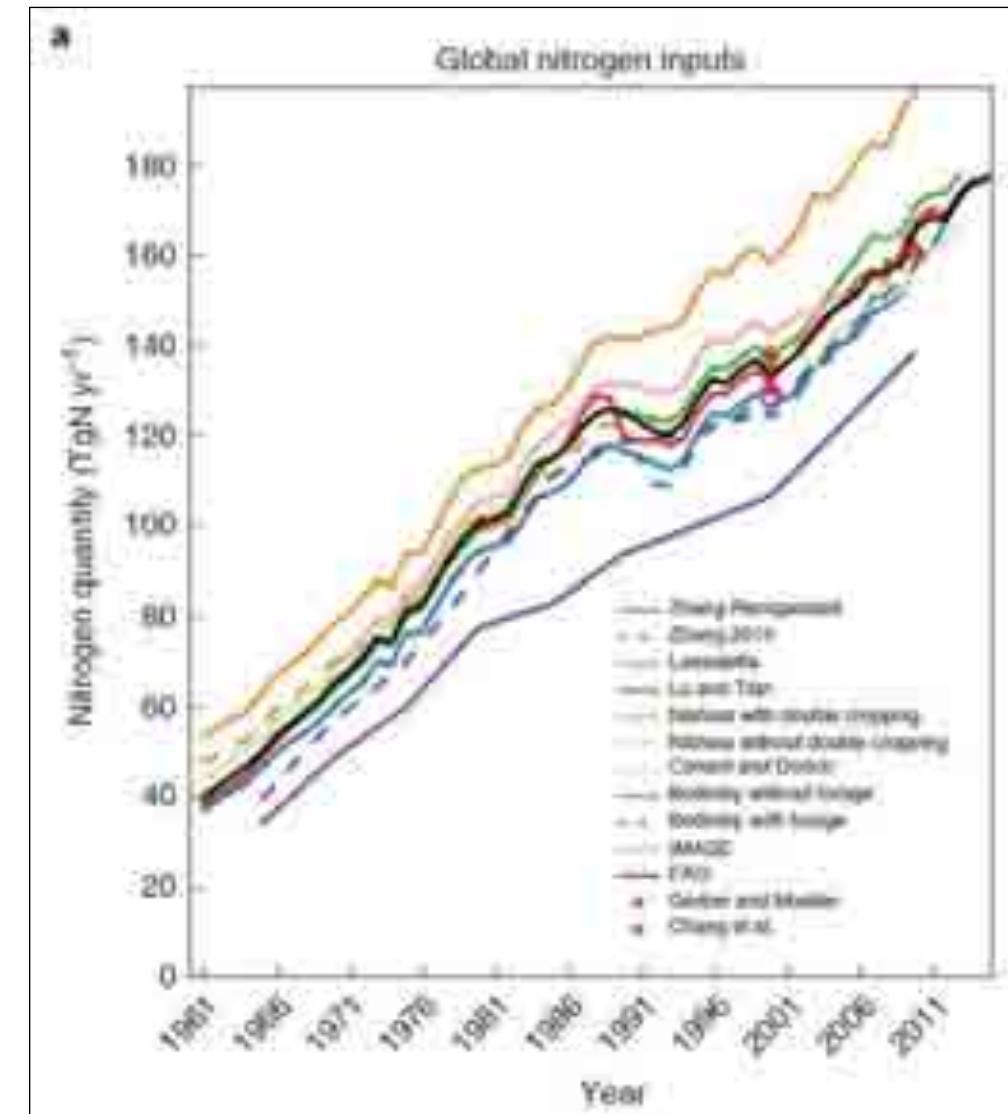
- 5. Efficiencies

- 6. Rotations, nutrient legacies and crop-mix

N

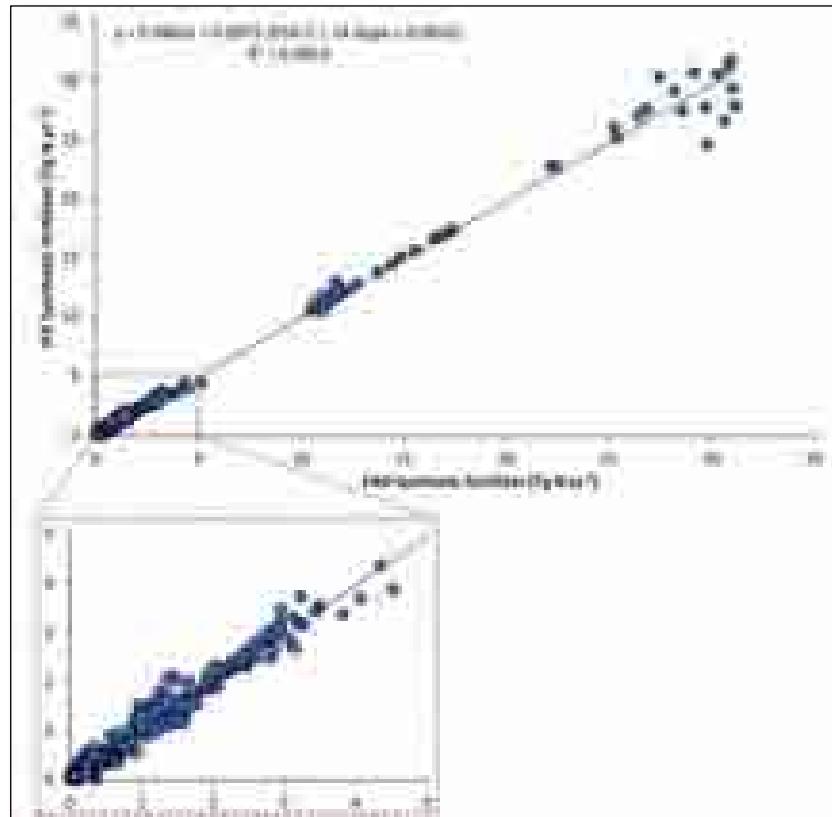
P

The screenshot shows a digital journal interface. At the top, there's a yellow header bar with the word 'ARTICLES' in white. Below it, the main title of the article is displayed: 'Quantification of global and national nitrogen budgets for crop production'. The authors listed are Xin Zhang, Yan Zou, Luis Linares, Nathaniel D. Mueller, Francesco N. Tschirhart, Matthew D. Link, Chaoqun Li, Richard T. Conant, Christopher D. Donohue, James Gerber, Hanglin Tian, Tom Brinkman, Tal McClellan-Masuda, Kazuya Nishizuka, Benjamin Leon Bodensteiner, Alexander Popp, Les Bouwman, Arthur Beusen, Jinfeng Chang, Petr Havlik, David Leemans, Joseph O. Canadell, Robert B. Jackson, Patrick Helffer, Nathan Wammes, Weifeng Zhang, and Eric A. Davidson.



Global datasets comparison

Global Nutrient Budget Platform



Global Symposium on Soils for Nutrition, FAO Virtual Event, 26/07/2022 - 29/07/2022,
<https://www.fao.org/events/detail/symposium-soils-for-nutrition/en>

Towards a global nutrient budget data platform

A. DOBERMANN, International Fertilizer Association; R. ETMARSSON, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid; P. GRASSINI, University of Nebraska-Lincoln; A. GRUCHE, International Fertilizer Association; L. LASSALETTE, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid; C. LUDEMANN, Wageningen UR; F. TUBIELO, FAO; M. VAN ITTERSUM, Wageningen UR; N. WANNER, FAO; X. ZHANG, University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science

IFA vs FAO
Today: important
coordination and
harmonization

scientific data

N

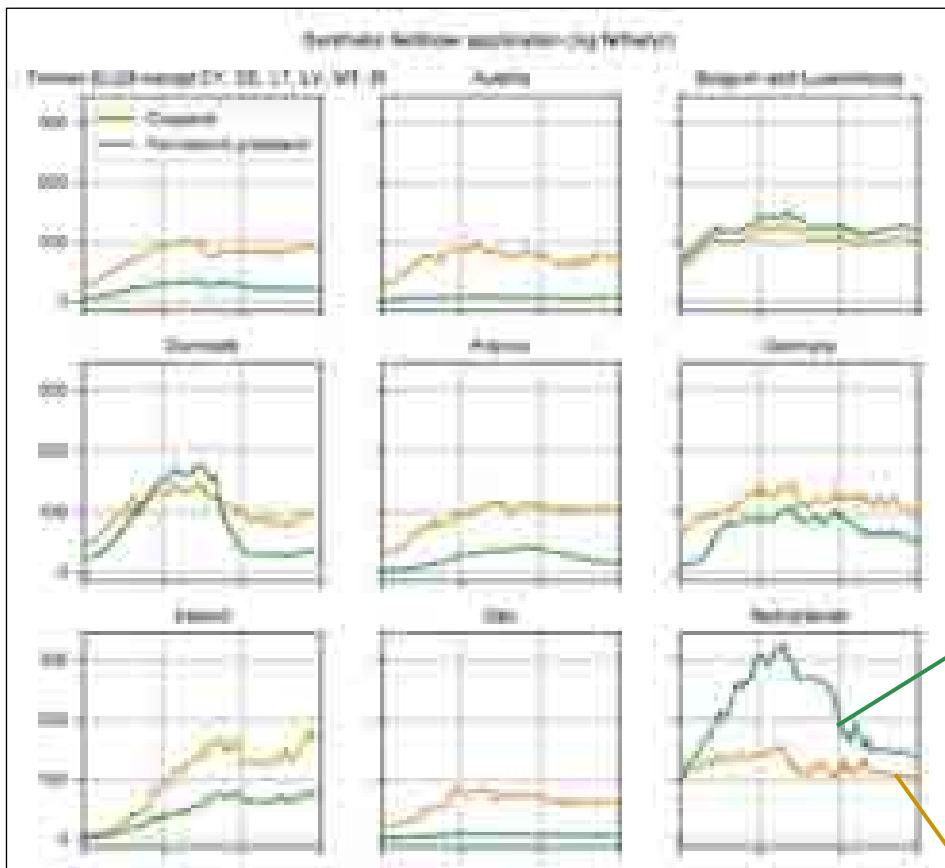
1. The quality of the data

DATA DESCRIPTOR

OPEN

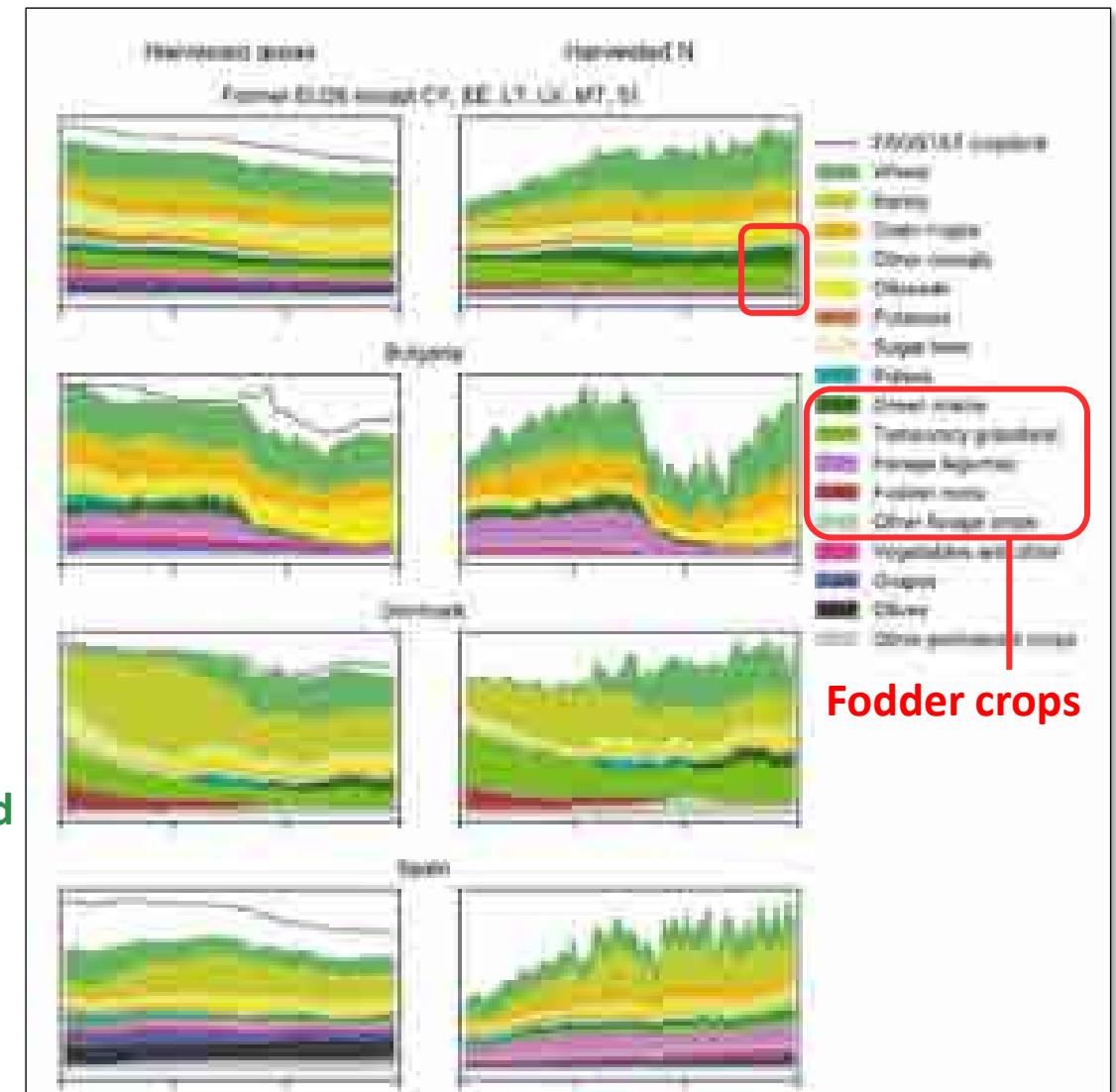
Crop production and nitrogen use in European cropland and grassland 1961–2019

Ramon Gómez-Gutiérrez^{1,2*}, Alberto Sáez-Cabré^{3,4}, Eduardo Aguirre^{2,5}, Olmo Ríos²,
Ismael Gómez², Raquel M. van Grunsven^{2,6} & Luis L. Martínez^{2,7}



Grassland

Crop

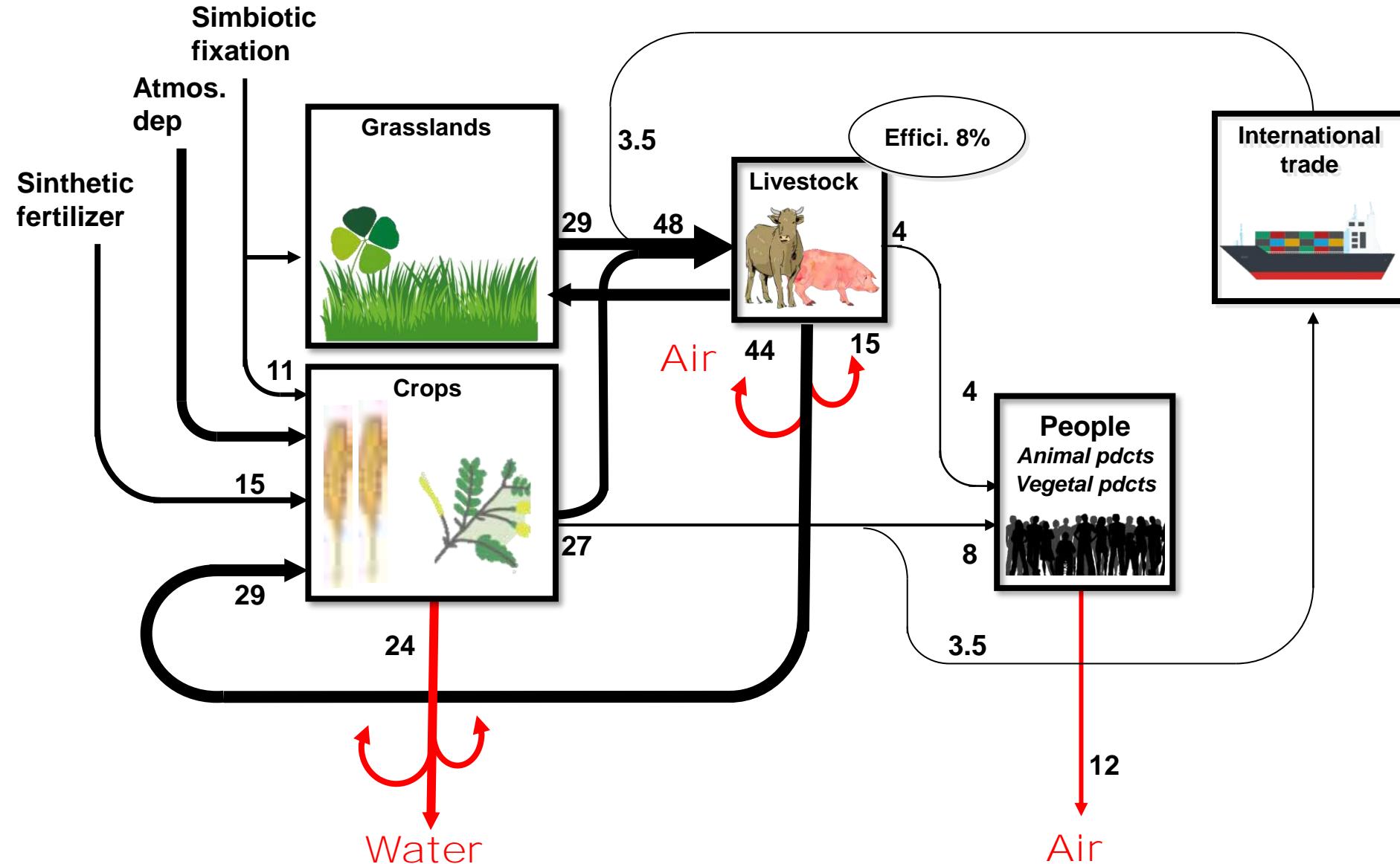


Fertilized permanent grasslands

The agricultural systems inserted in the global agro-food system

2. The big picture

N

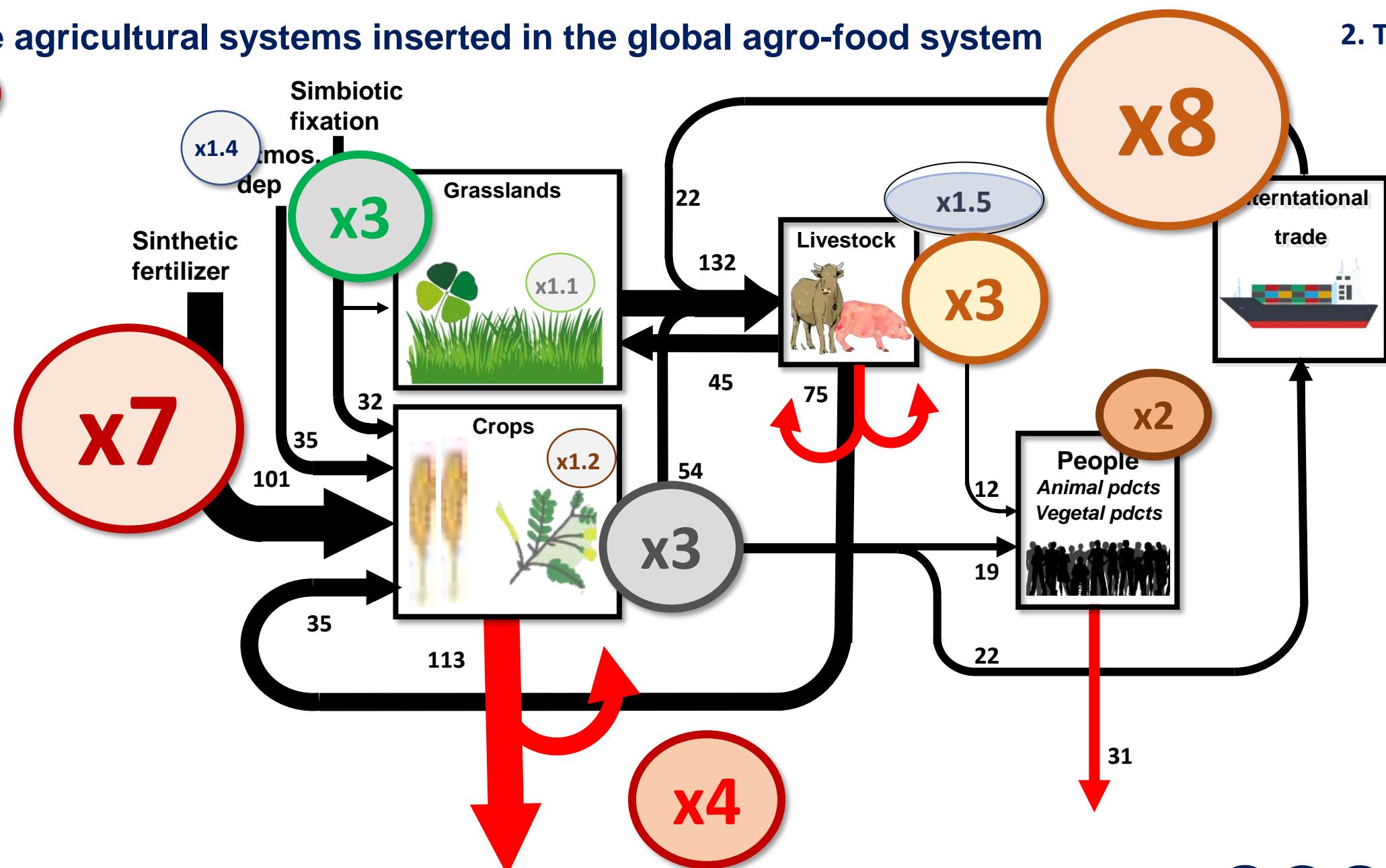


1961-65

The agricultural systems inserted in the global agro-food system

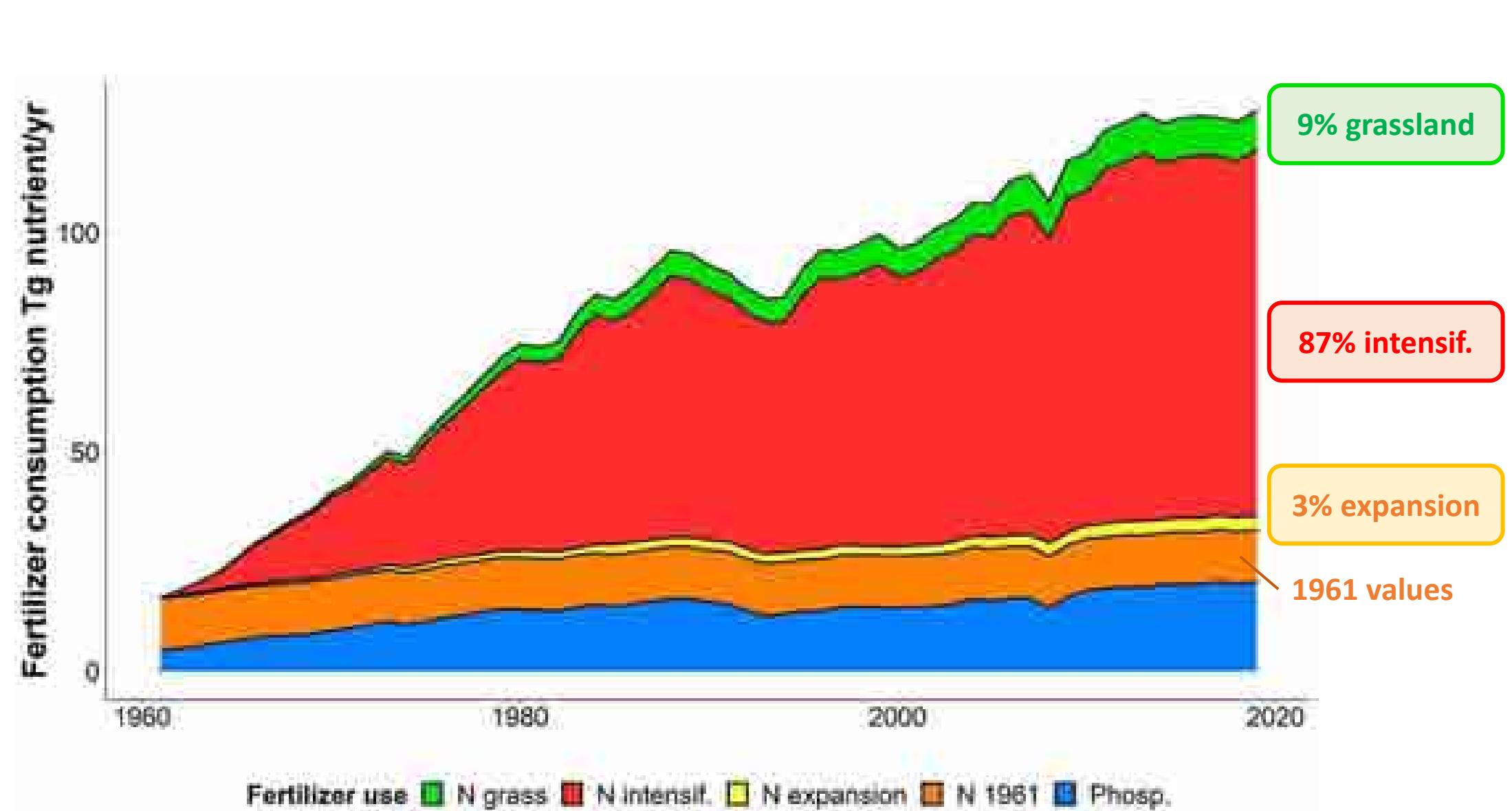
2. The big picture

N

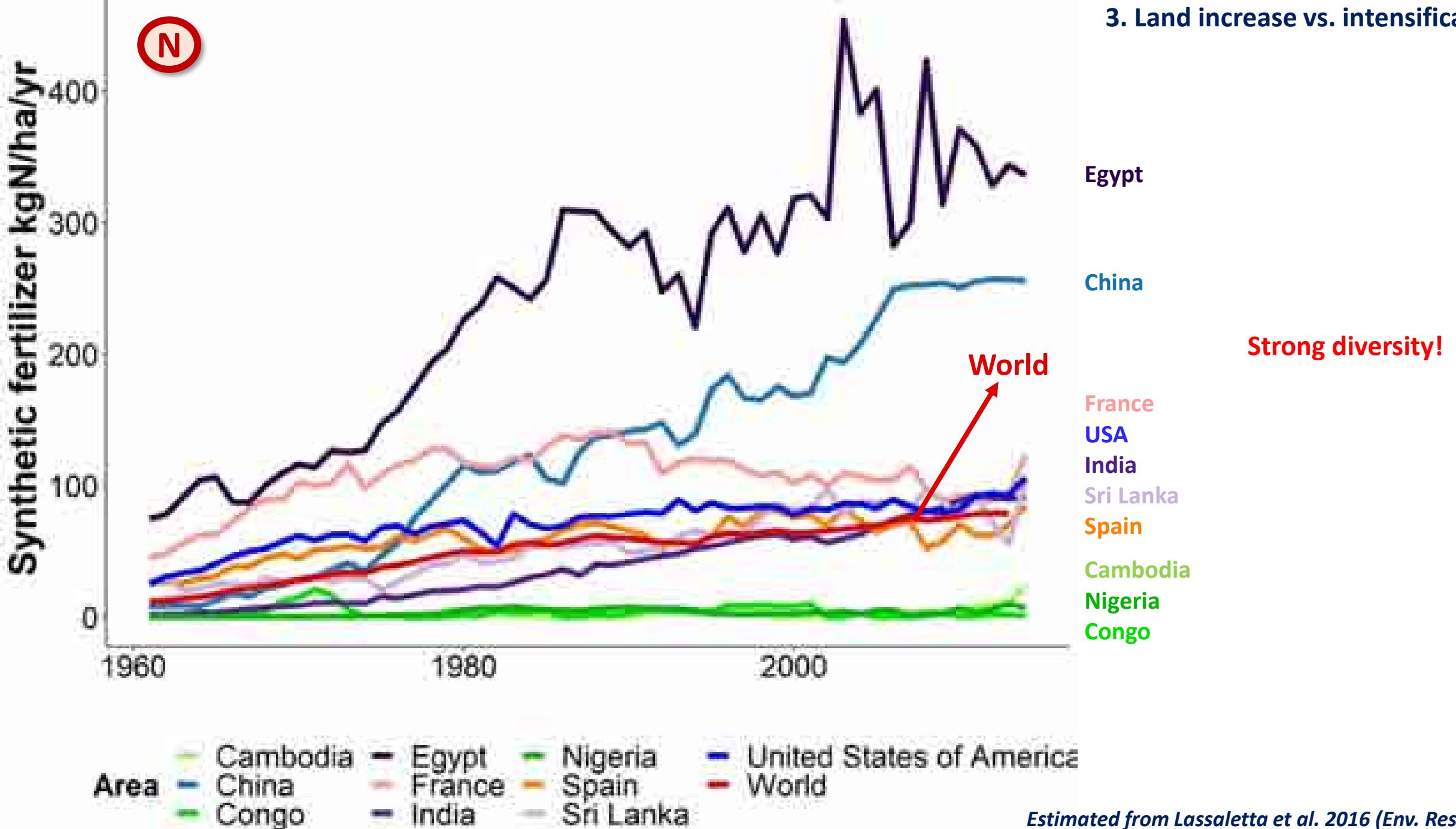


2005-09

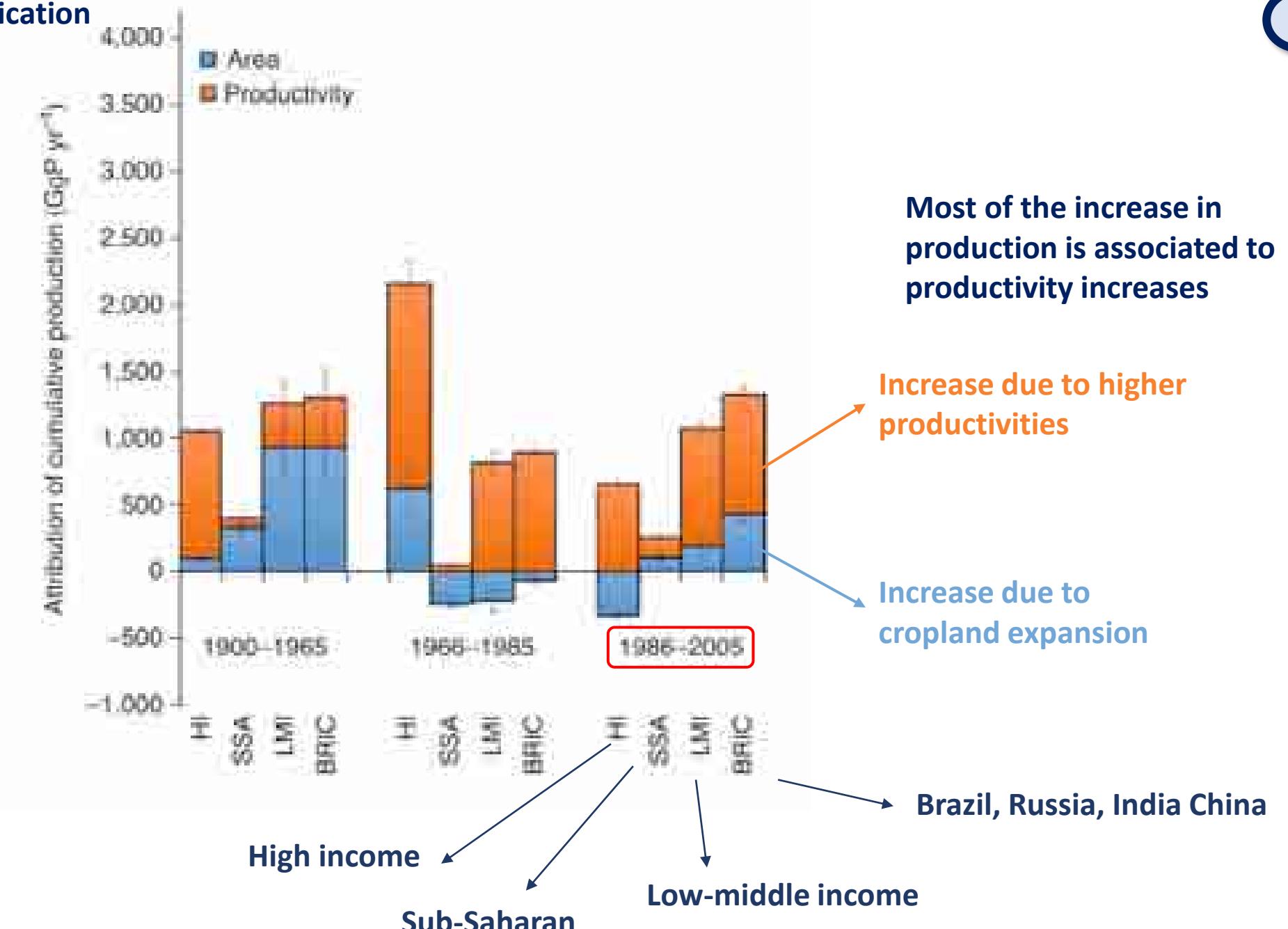
3. Land increase vs. intensification



3. Land increase vs. intensification

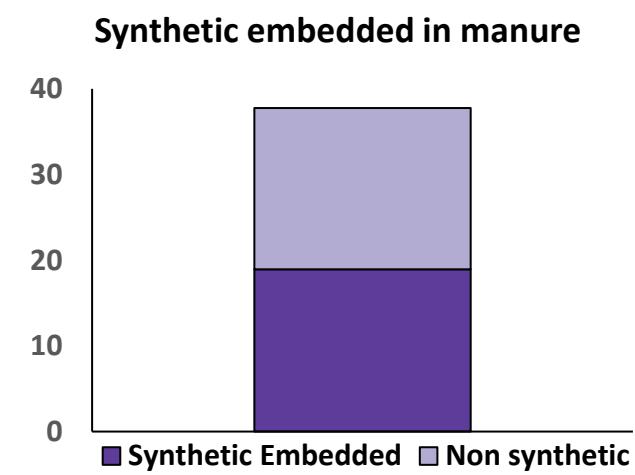
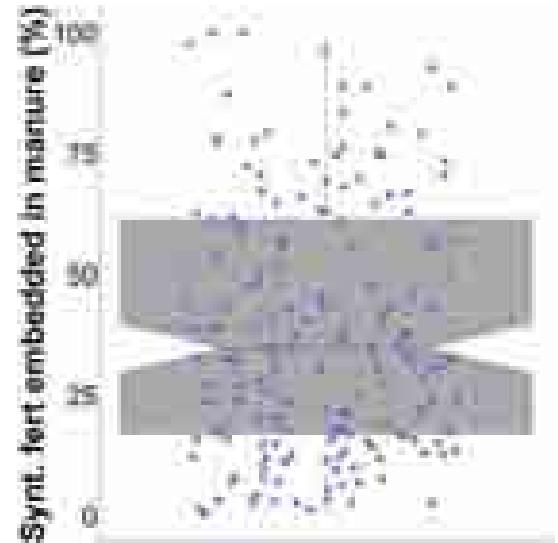
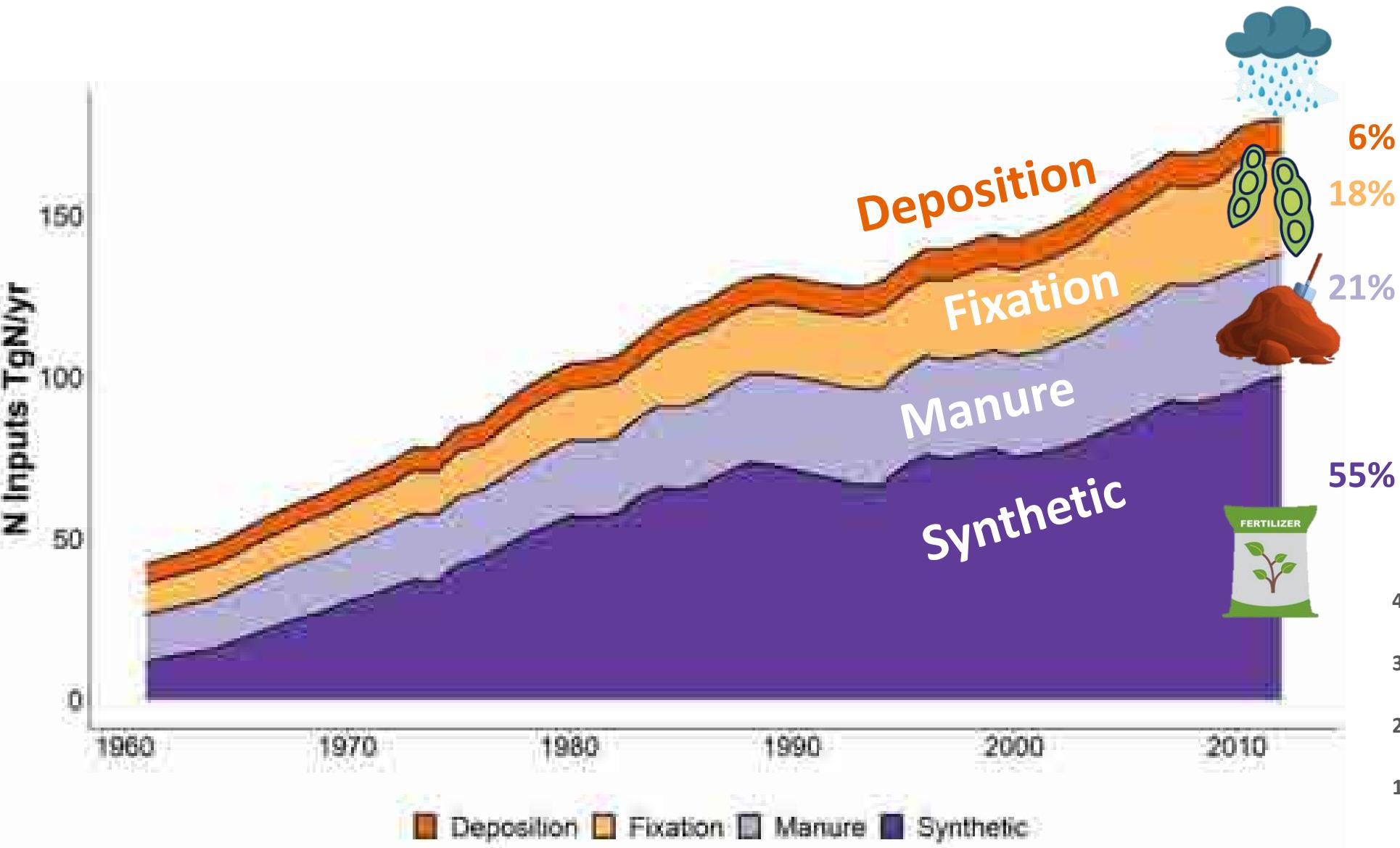


3. Land increase vs. intensification



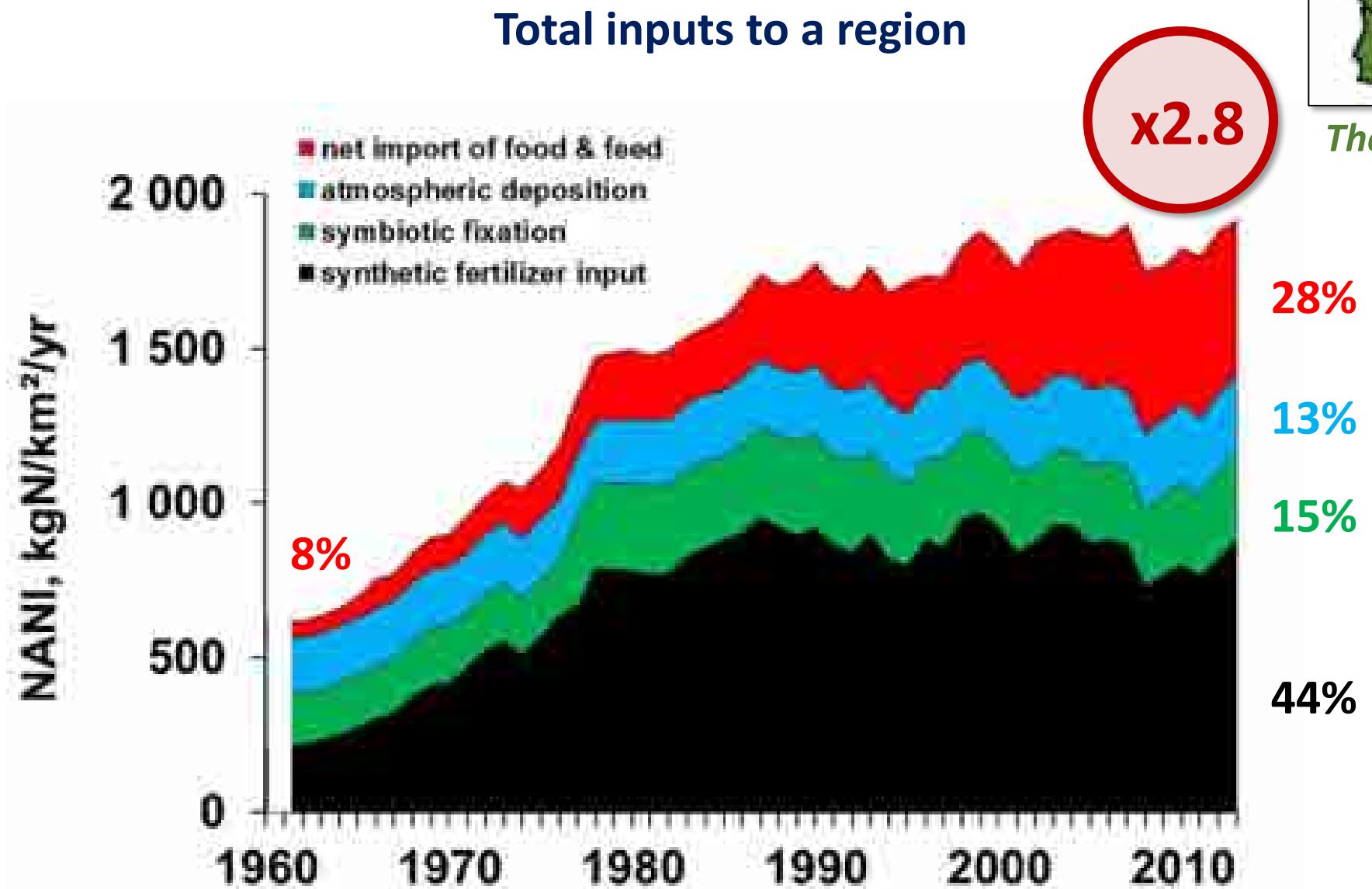
4. Other inputs

N



4. Other inputs

N



The Mediterranean Region

28%

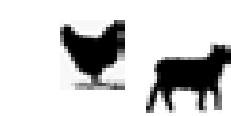
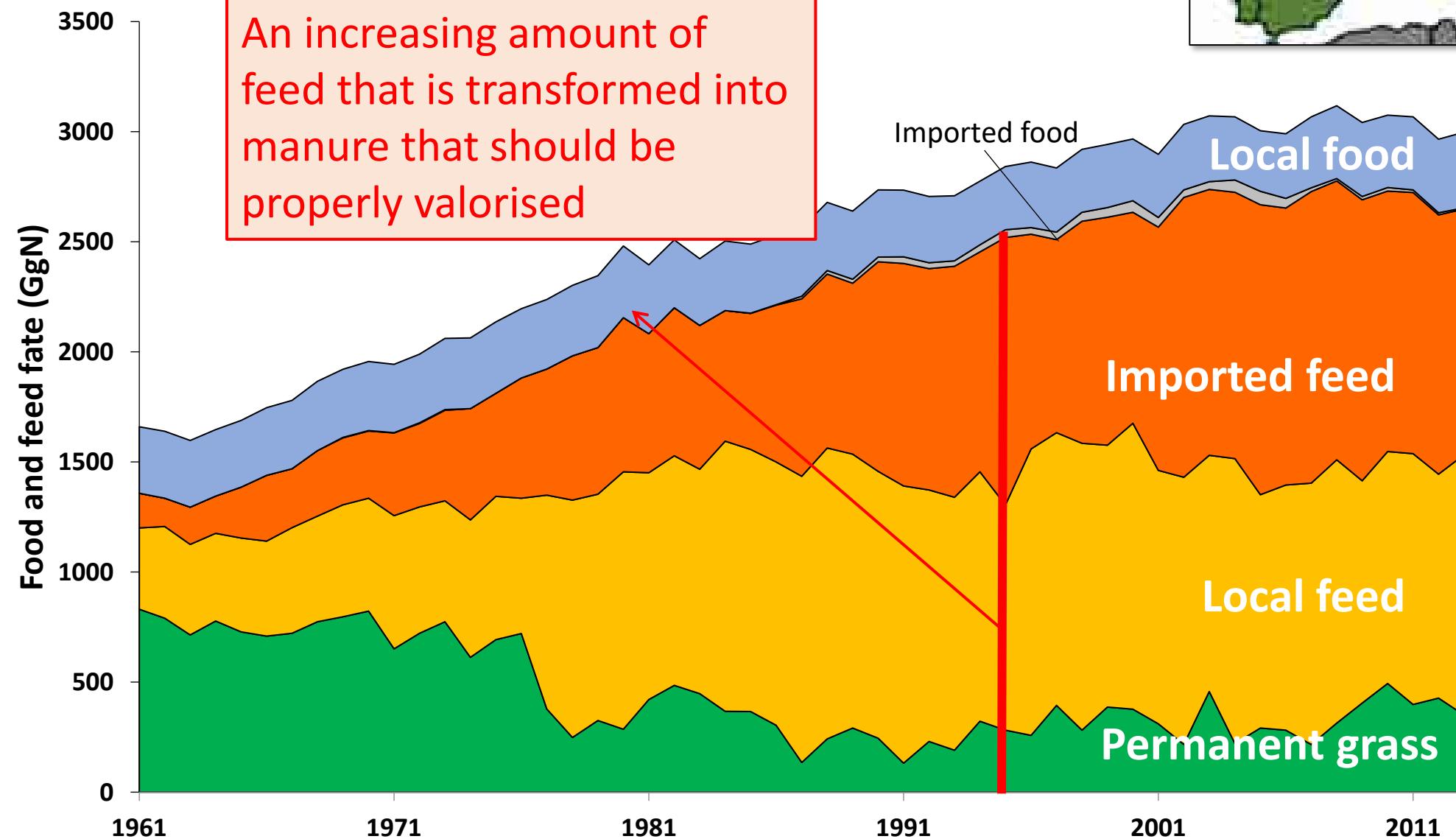
13%

15%

44%

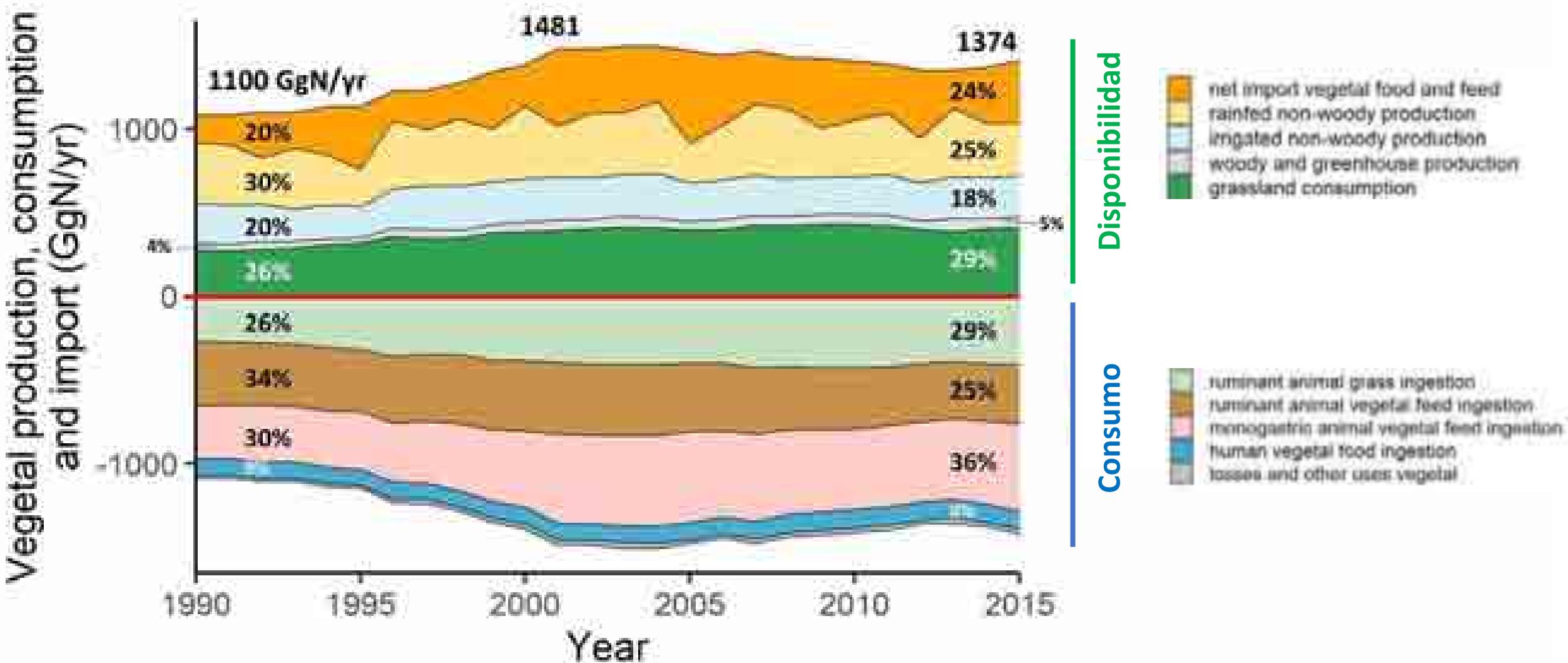
North Mediterranean

N



Spain

Production and use of vegetal protein in Spain

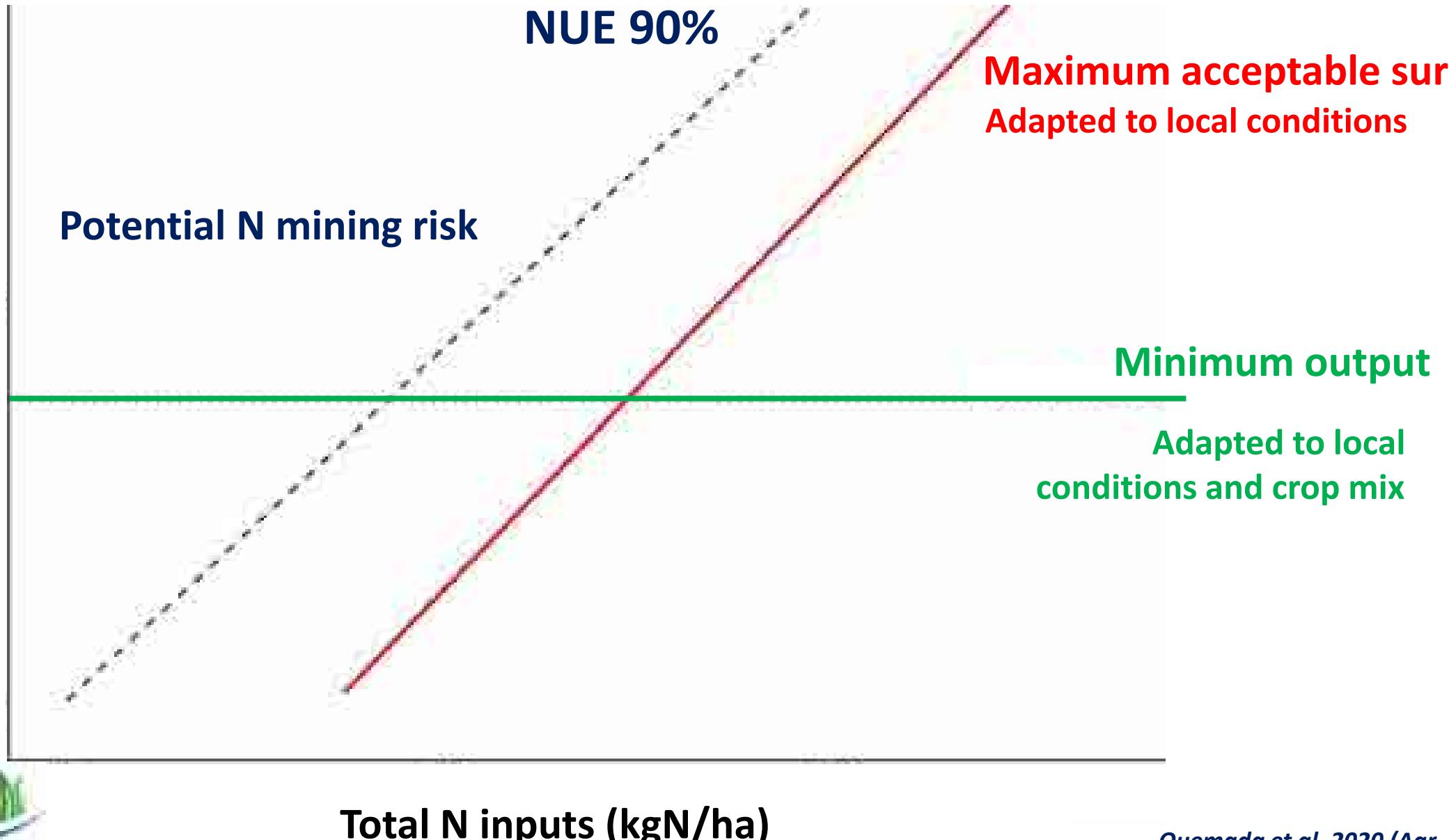


5. Efficiencies: Contrasting trends

Easy-to-use indicator for 'nitrogen use efficiency' (UNEP)

N

N outputs (kgN/ha)



5. Efficiencies: Contrasting trends

Easy-to-use indicator for 'nitrogen use efficiency' (UNEP)

N

N outputs (kgN/ha)

Total N inputs (kgN/ha)

NUE 90%

Potential N mining risk

Maximum acceptable surplus
Adapted to local conditions

Minimum output

Adapted to local
conditions and crop mix

The Characteristic Operating Space

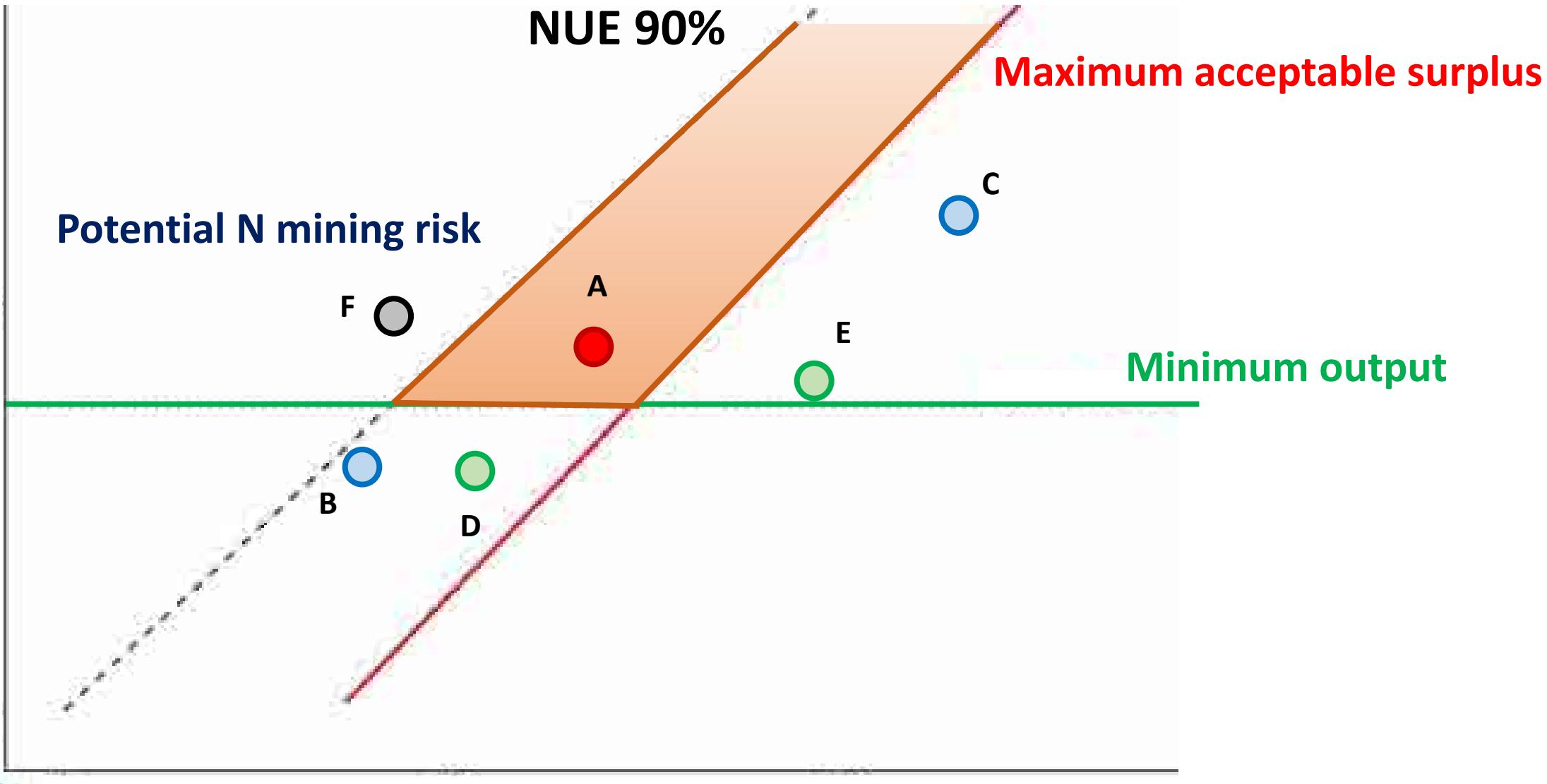


The Transition Pathways

N

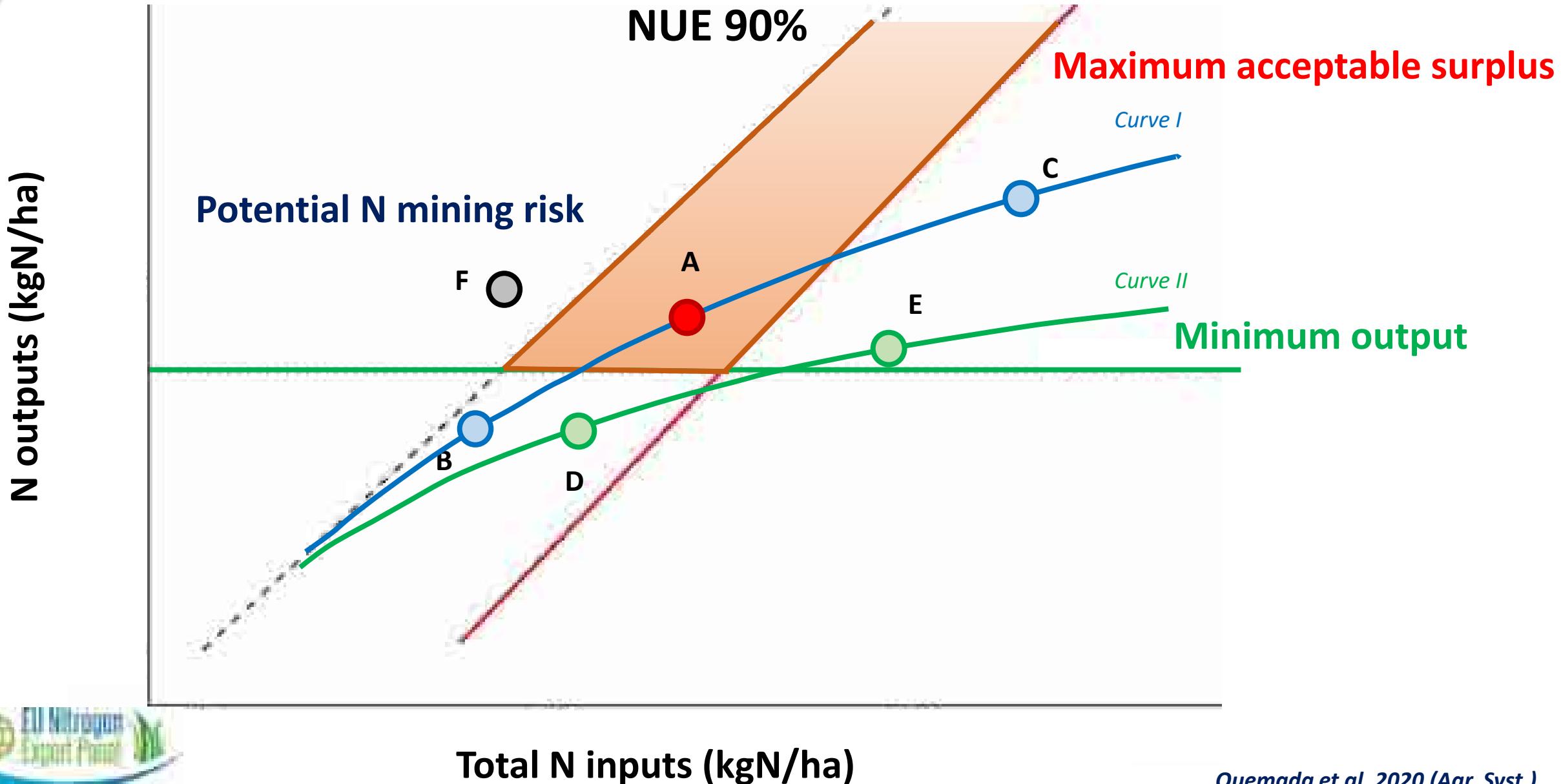
N outputs (kgN/ha)

Total N inputs (kgN/ha)



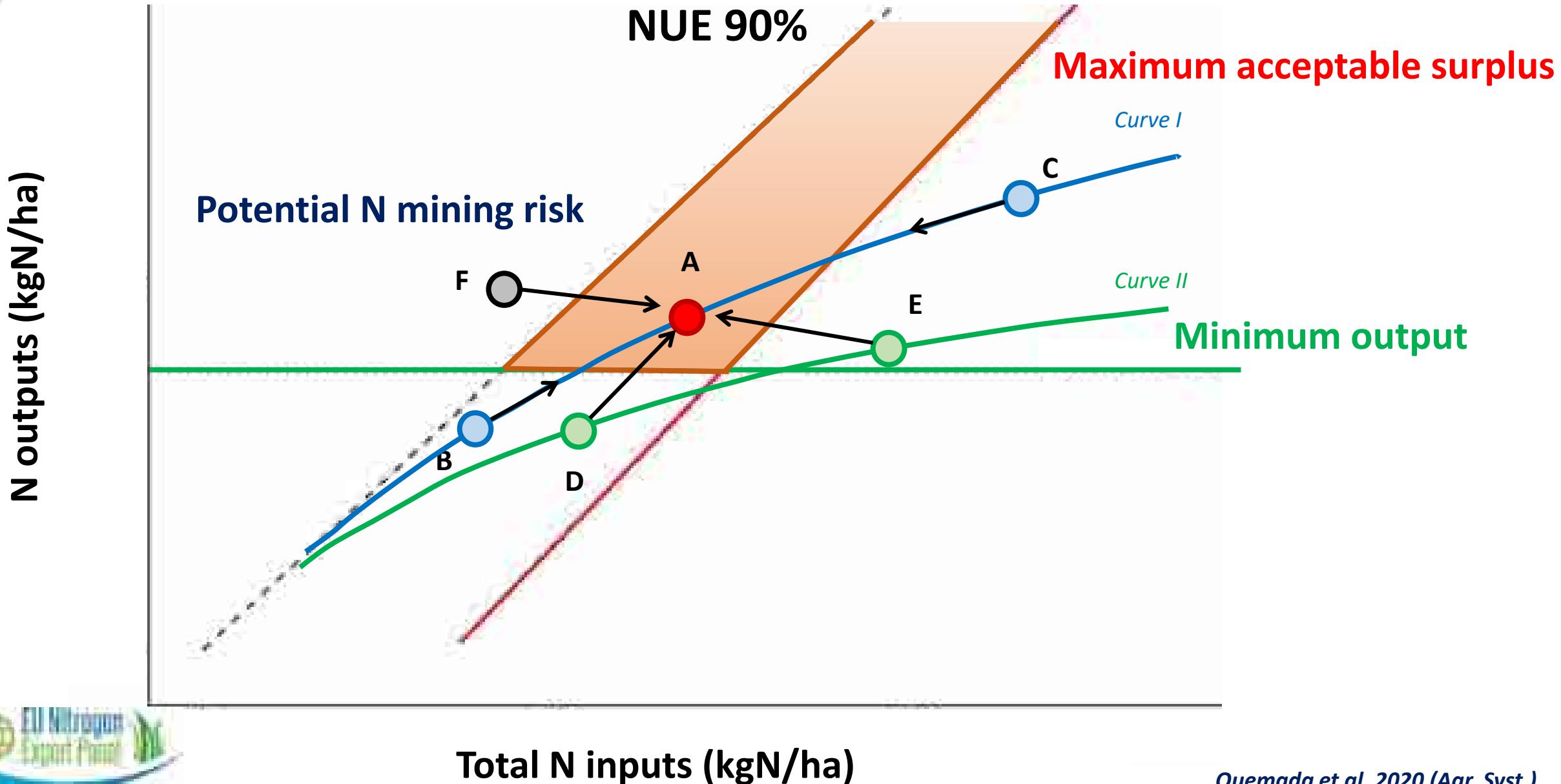
The transition pathways

N



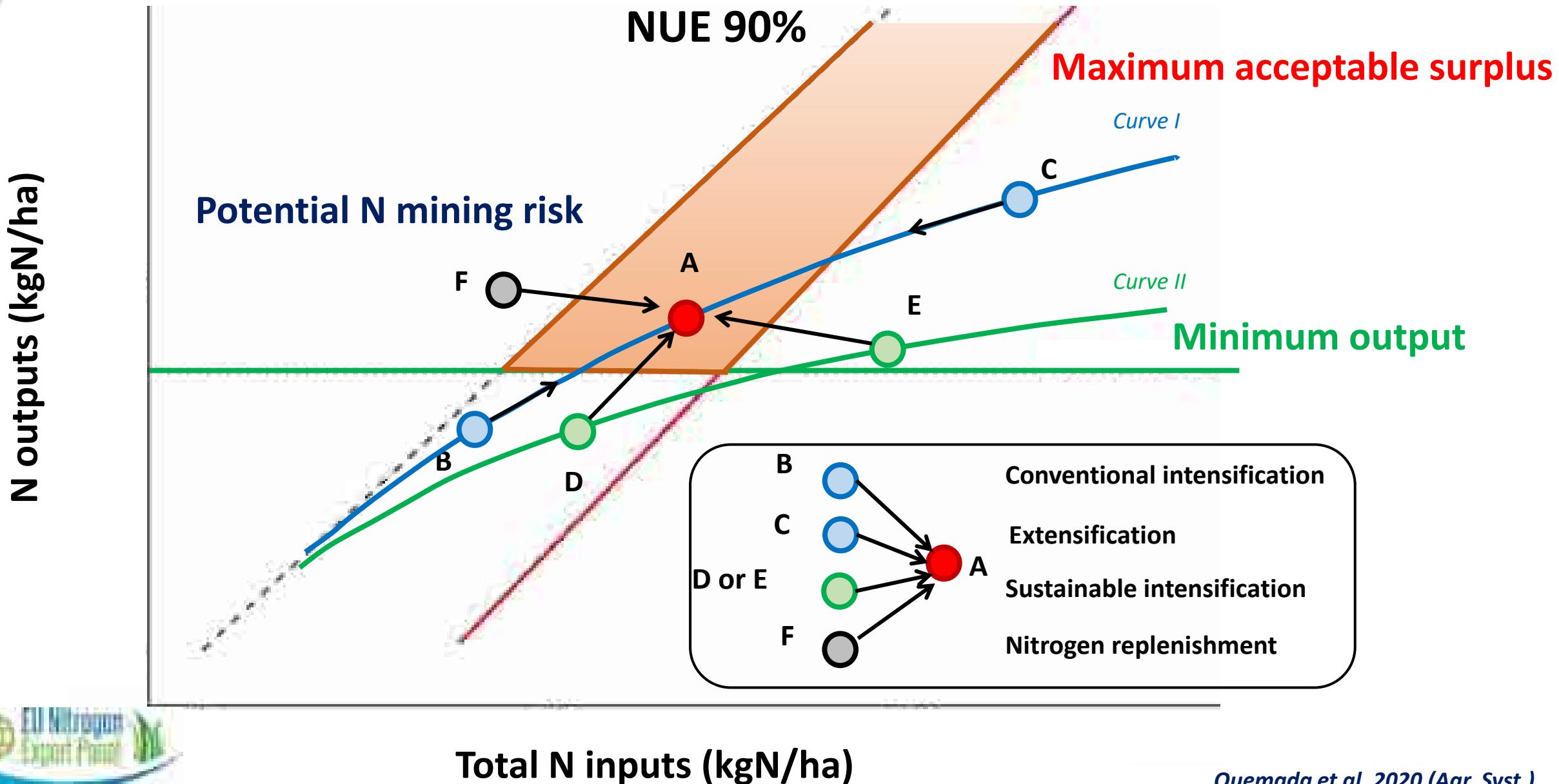
The transition pathways

N

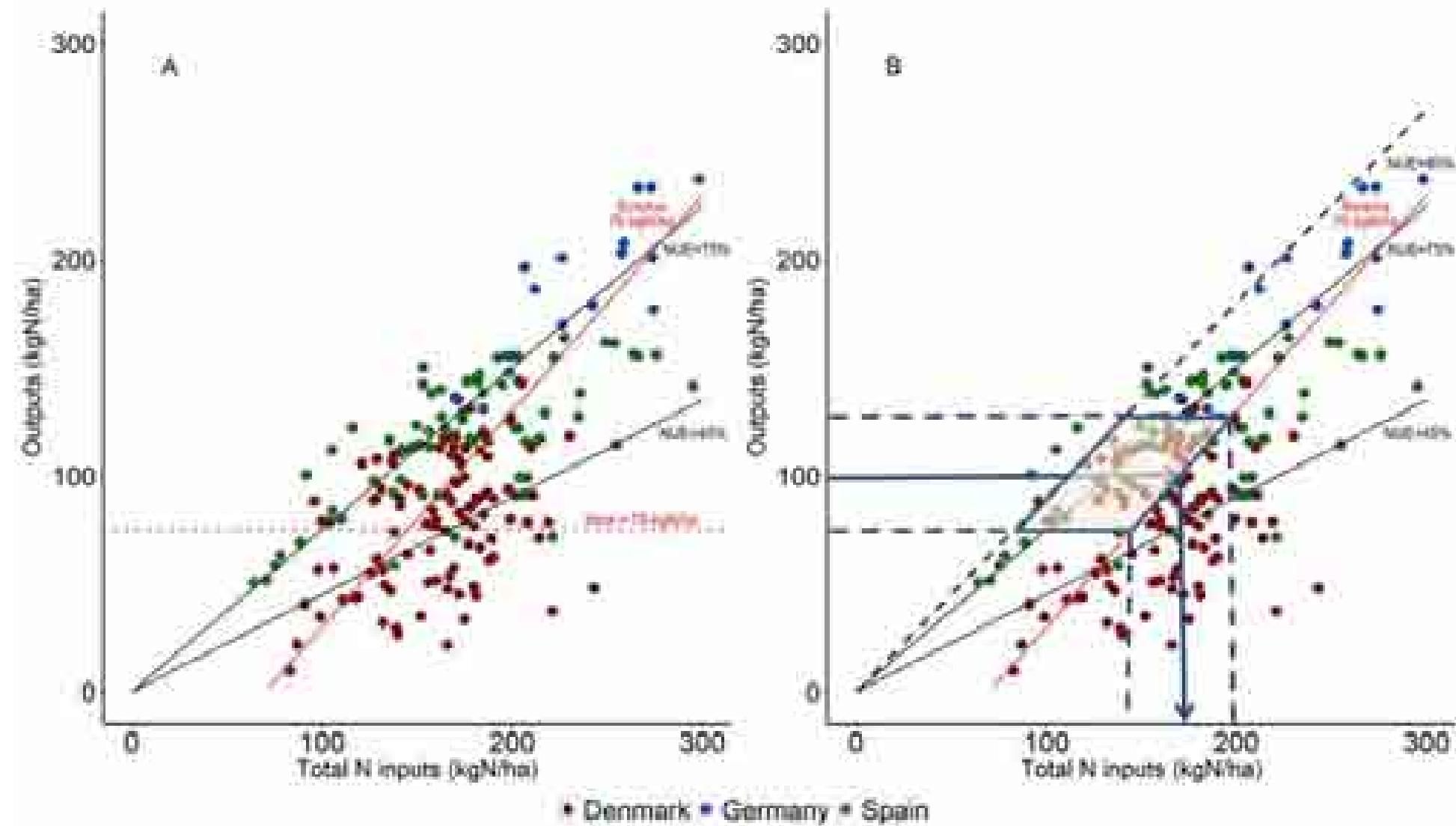


The transition pathways

N

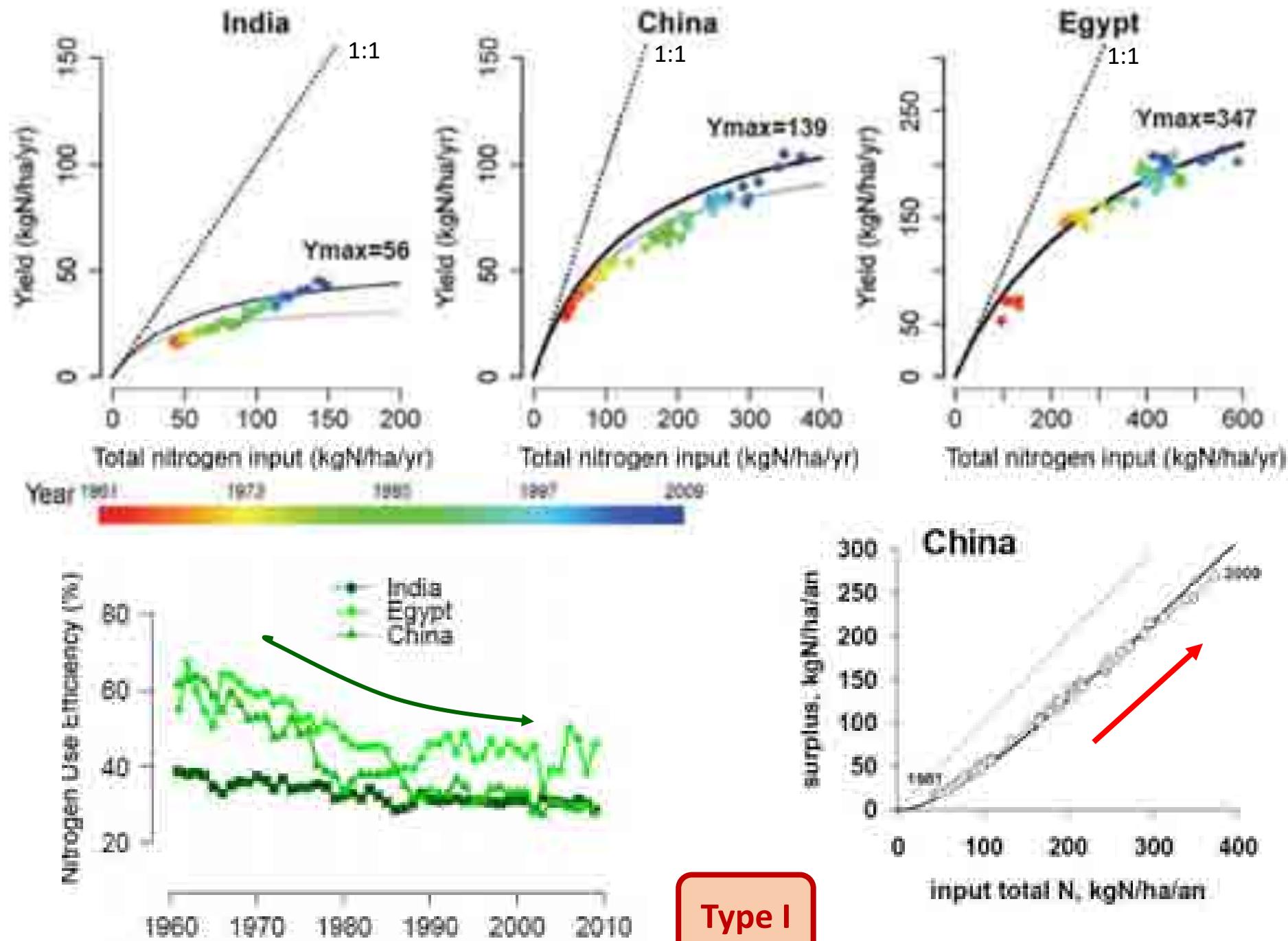


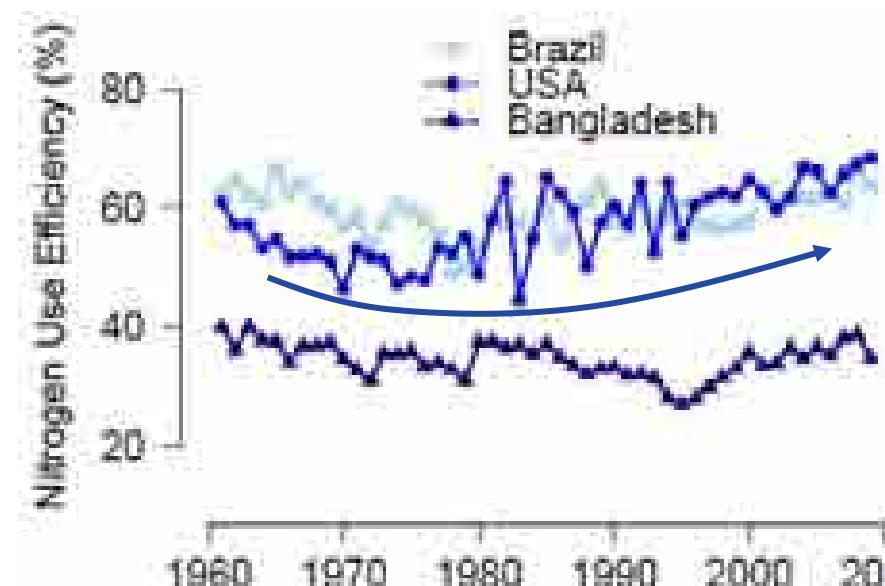
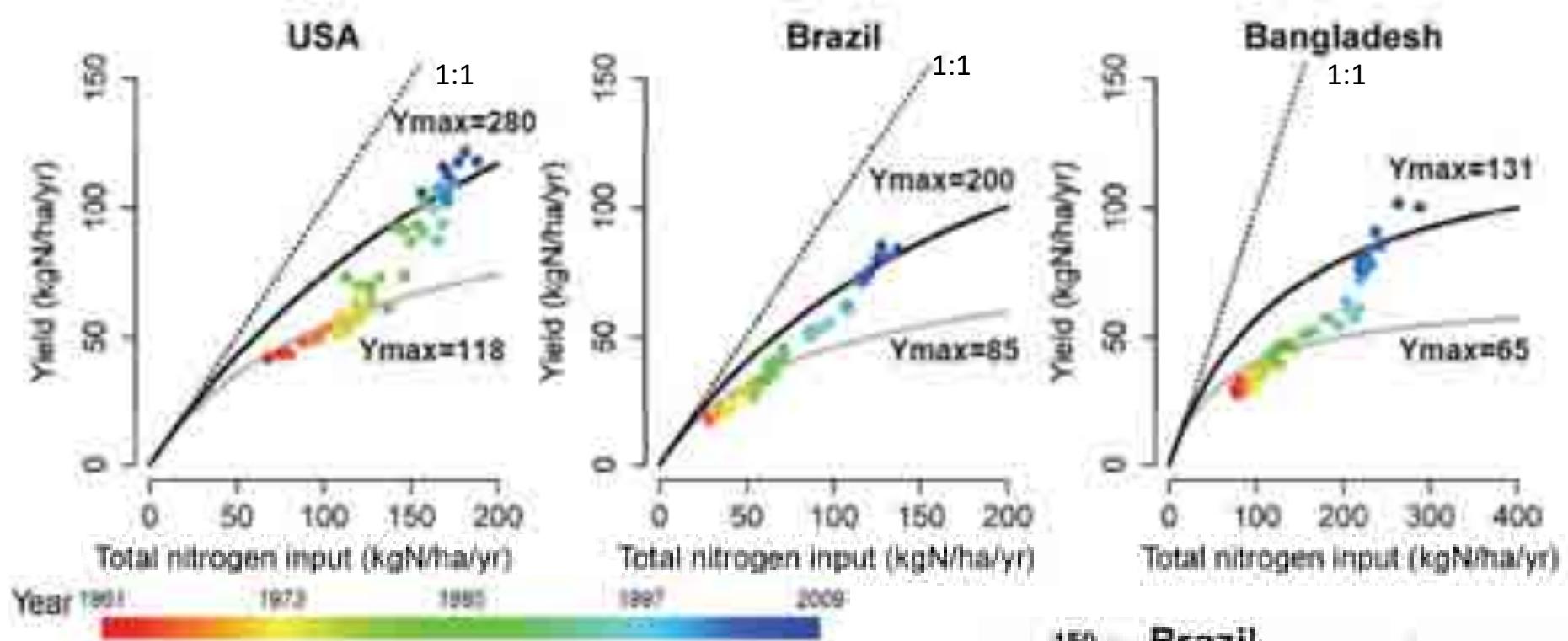
Escala de explotación



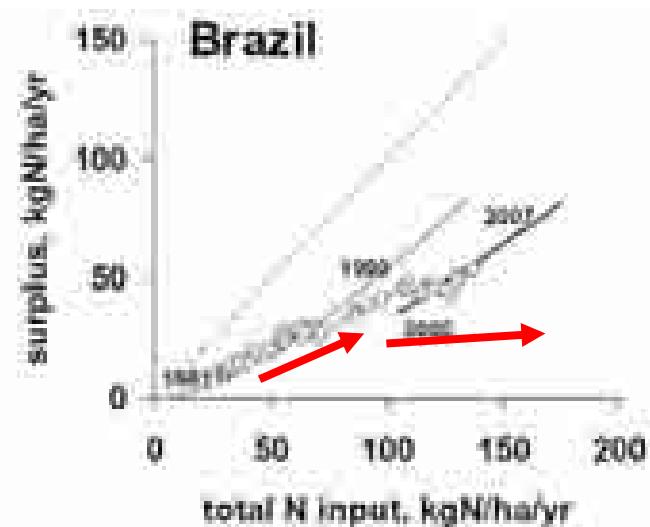
5. Efficiencies: Contrasting trends of world countries

N

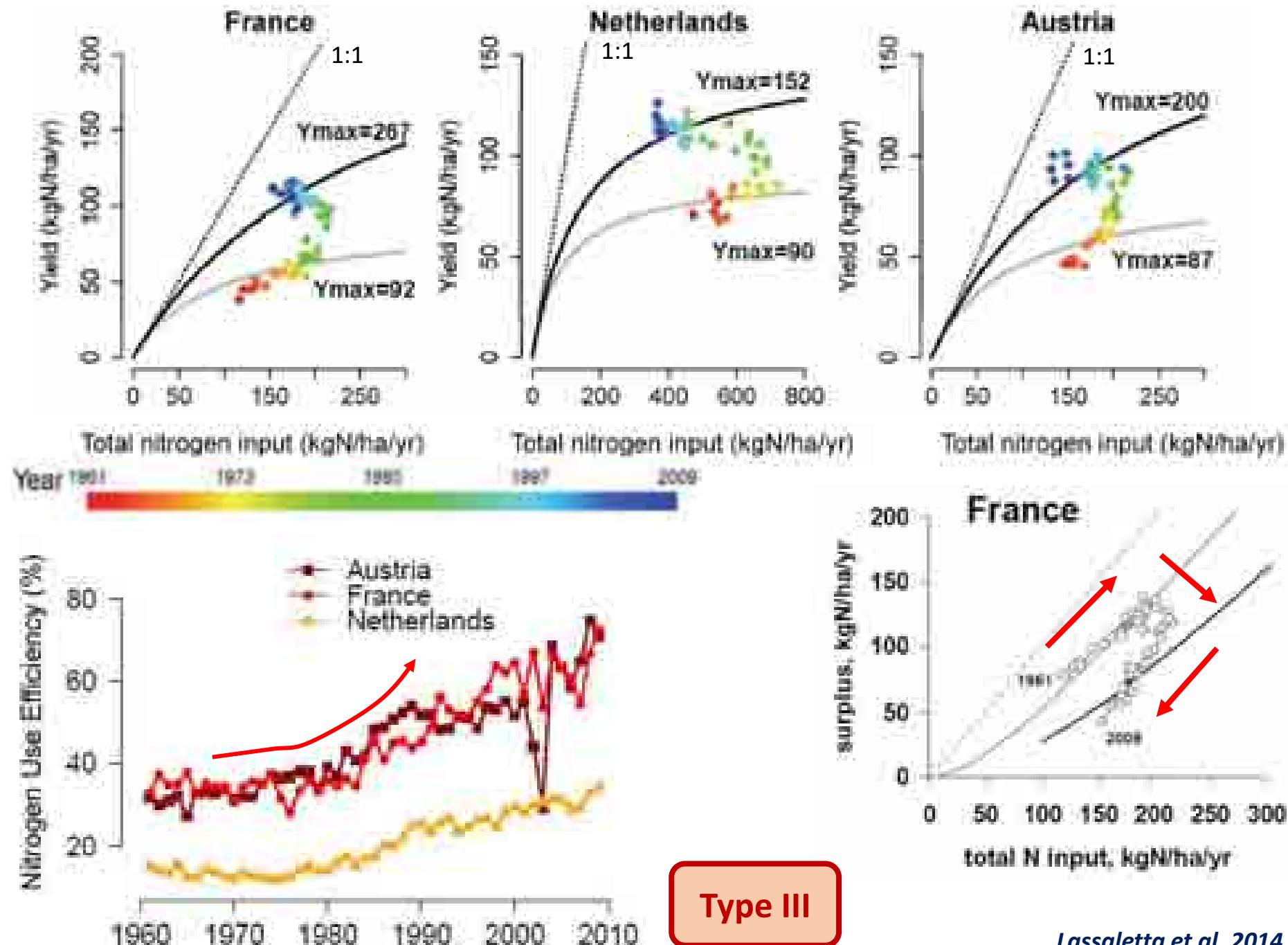




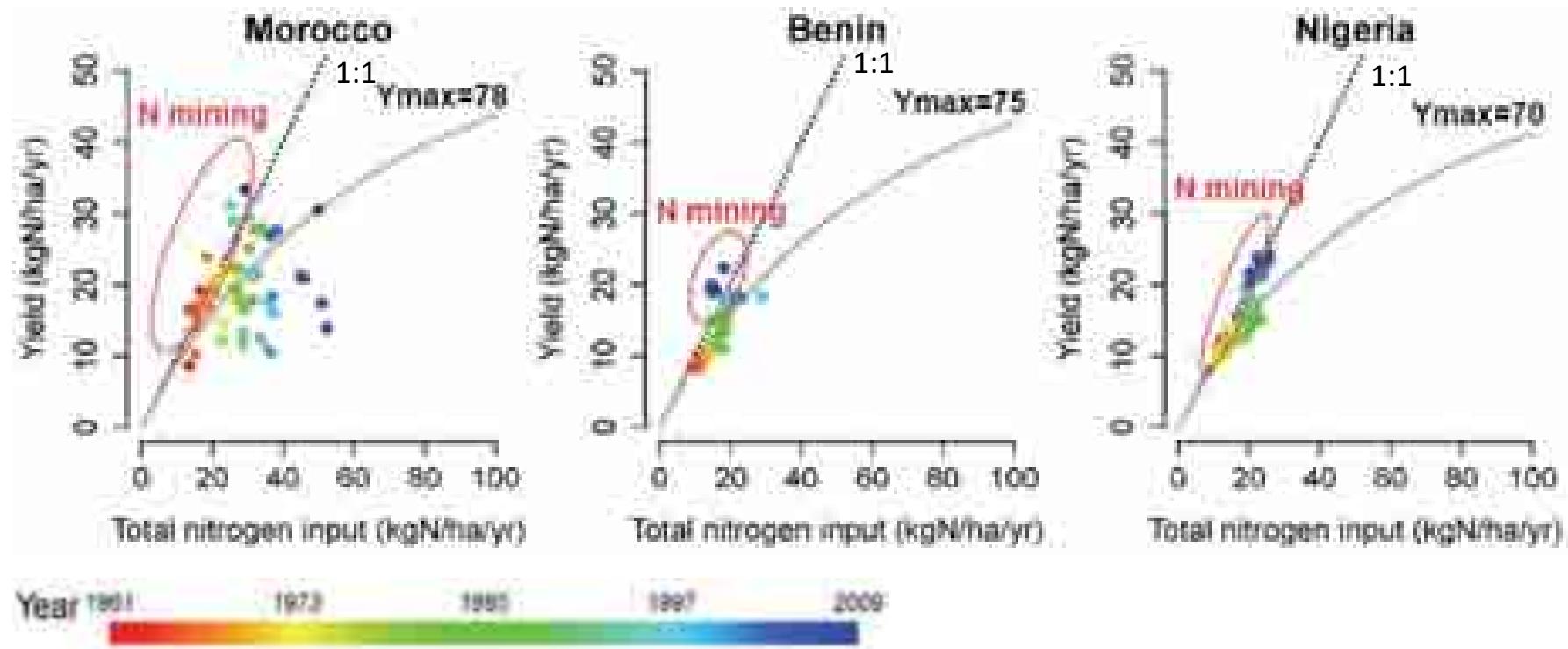
Type II



N



N



Type IV

Type I

e.g. China

N outputs (kgN/ha)

Total N inputs (kgN/ha)

NUE 90%

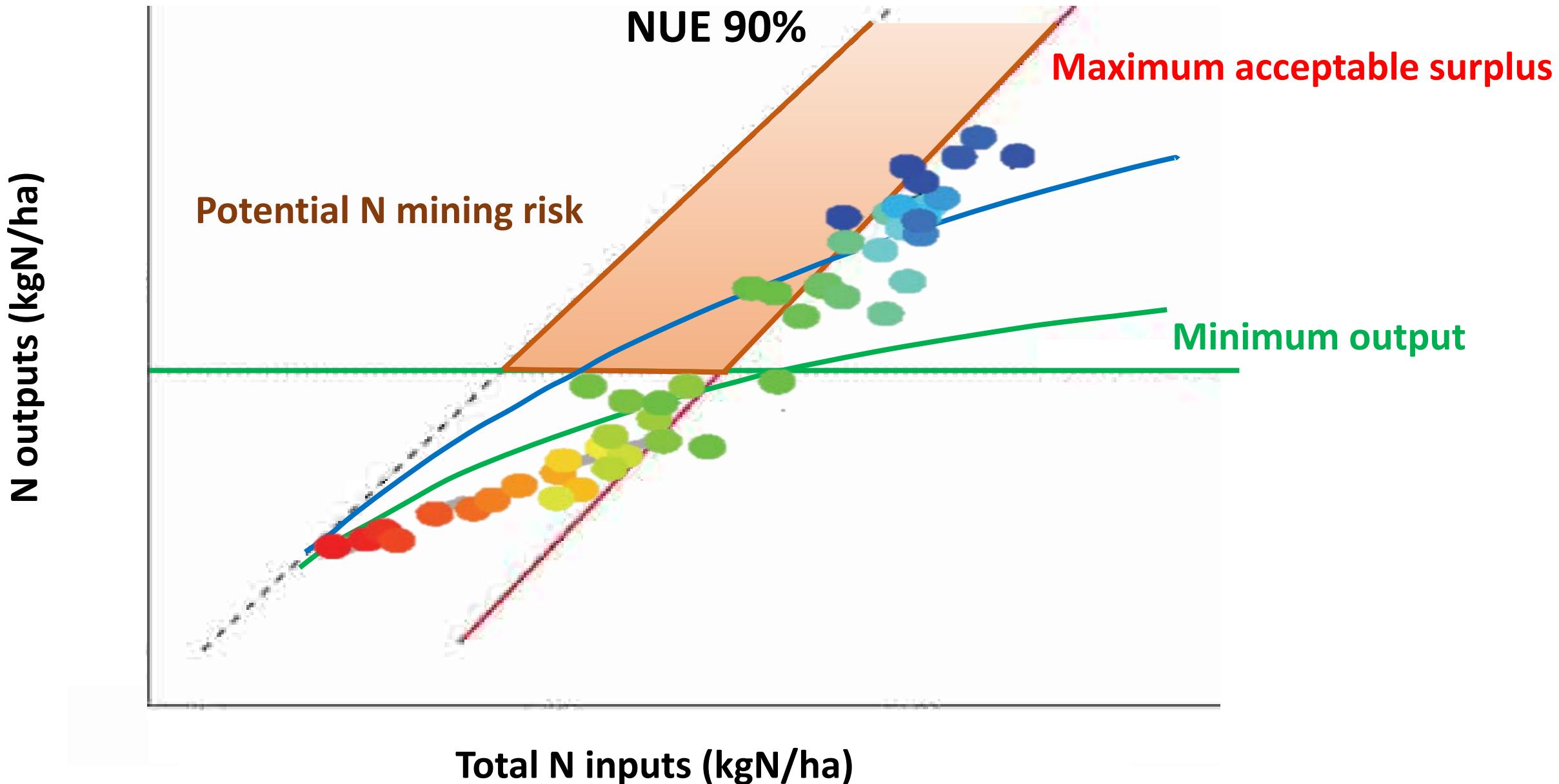
Maximum acceptable surplus

Potential N mining risk

Minimum output

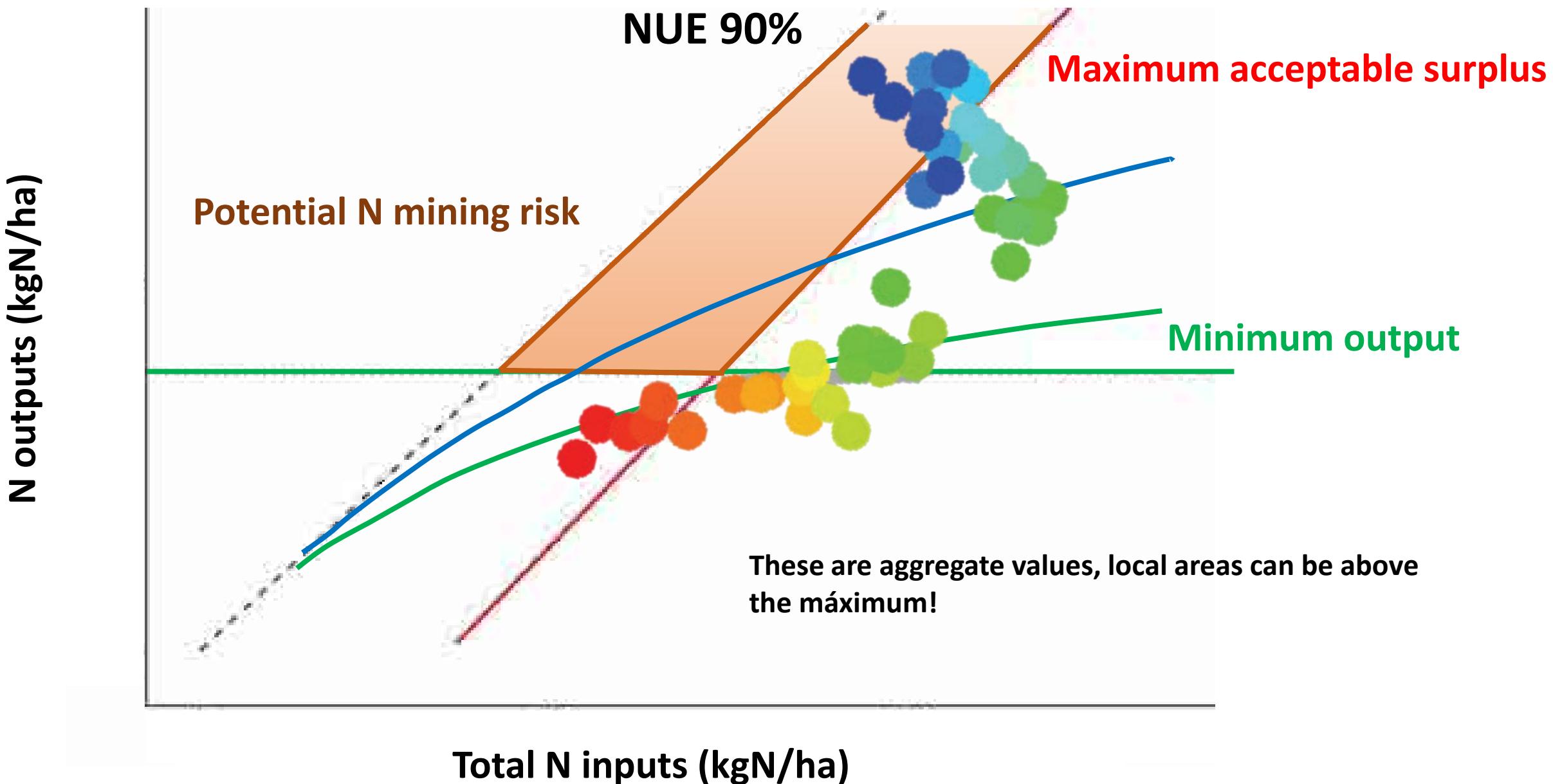
Type II

e.g. USA



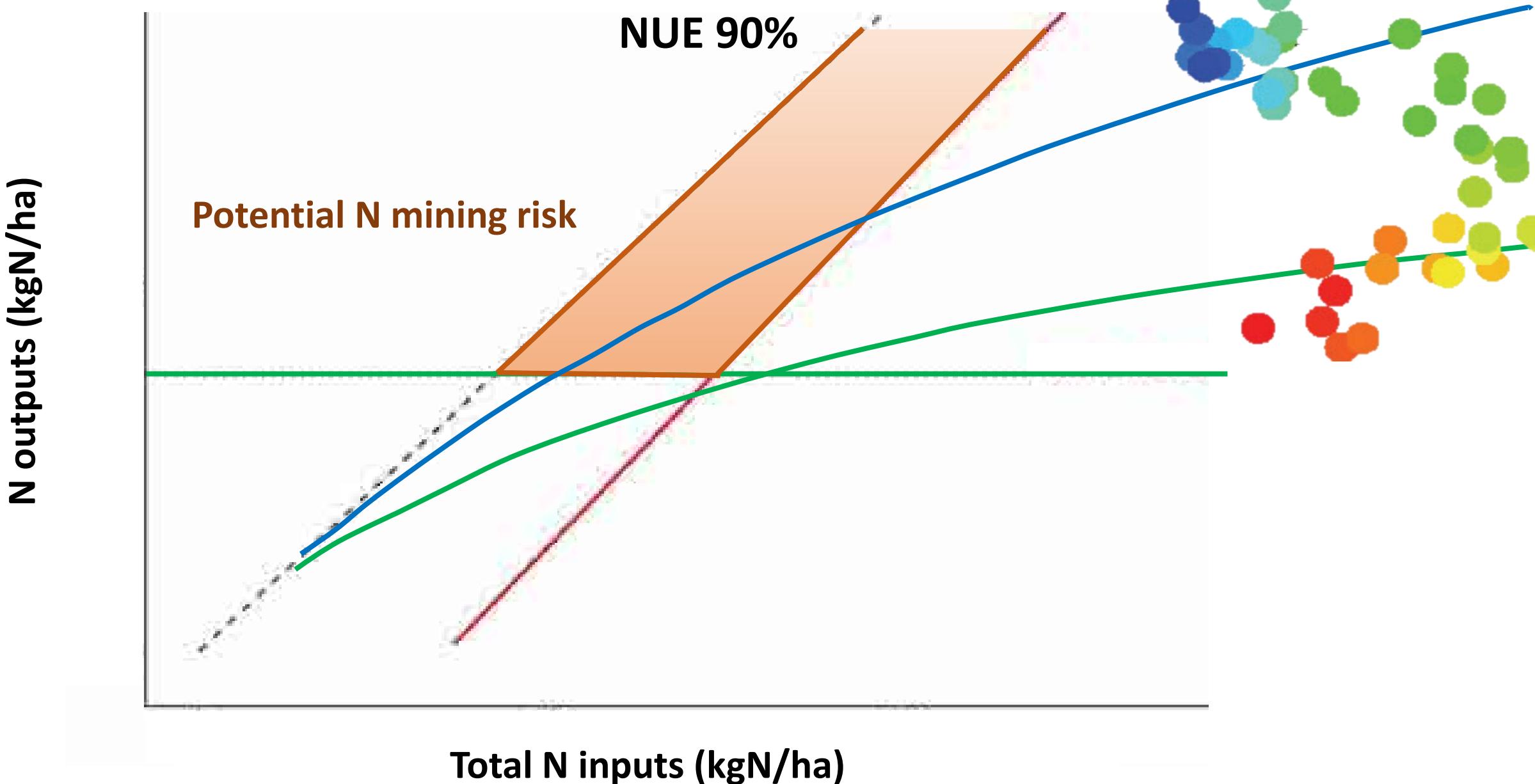
Type III

e.g. France



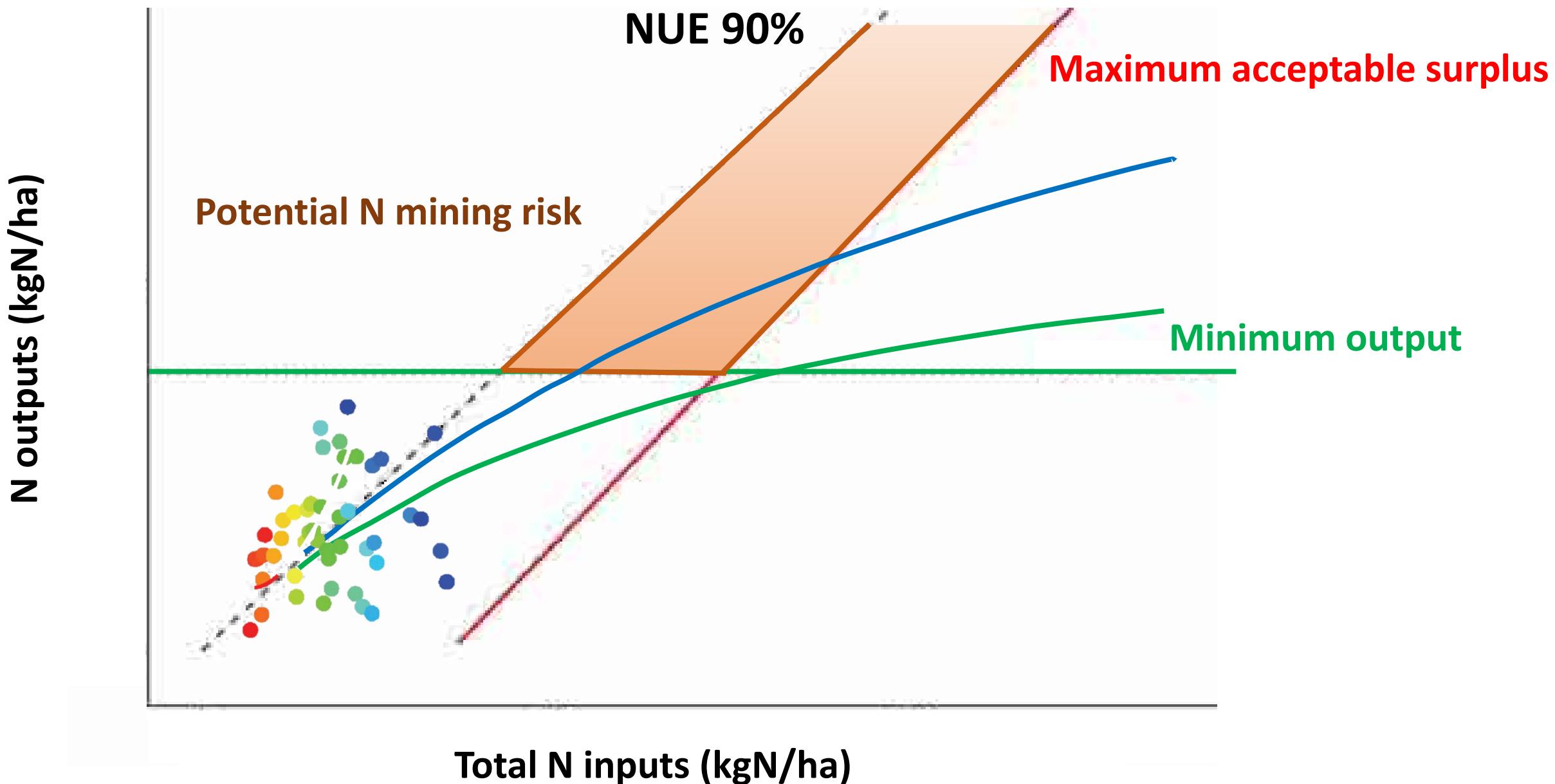
Type III

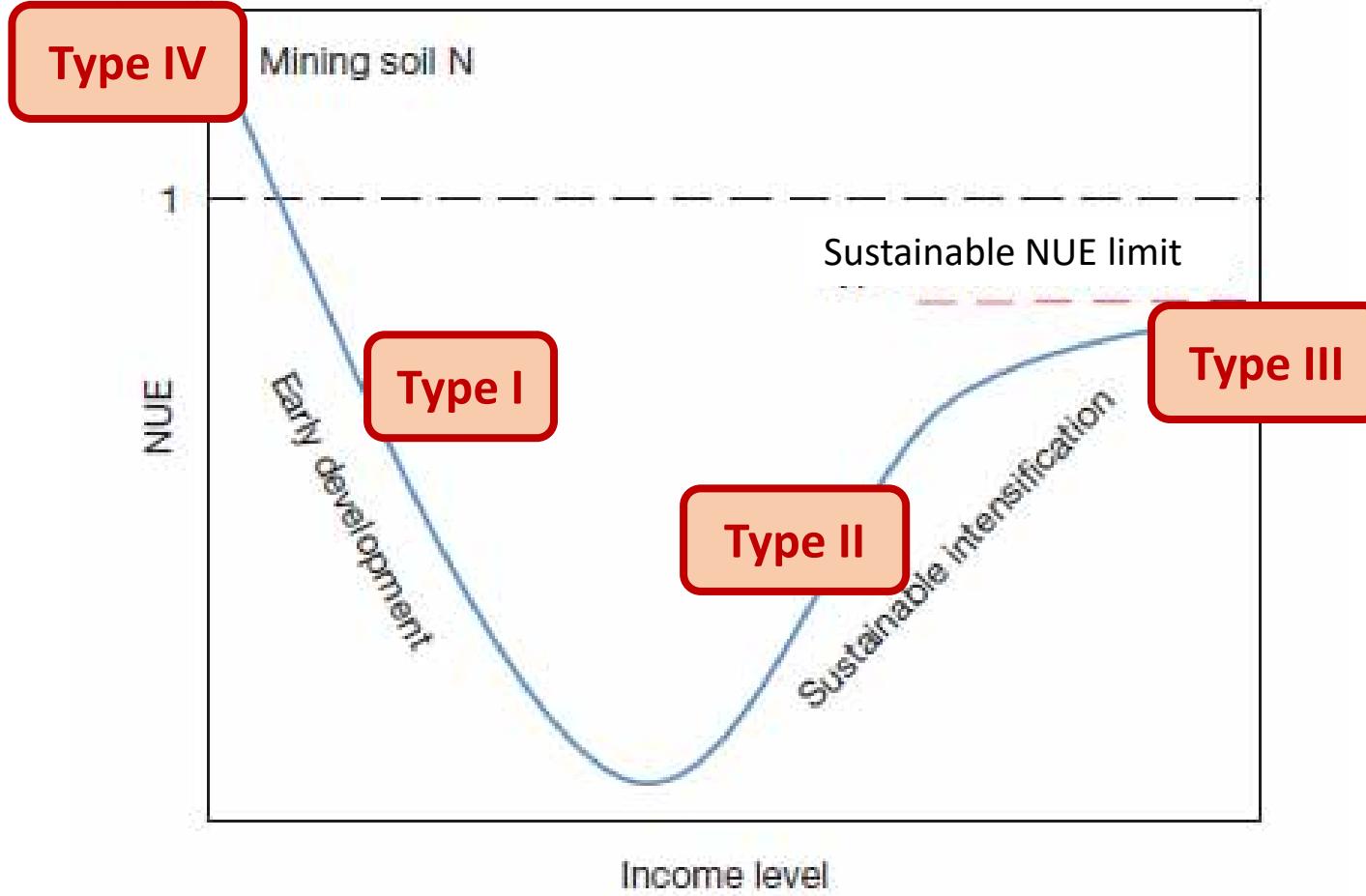
e.g. Netherlands



Type IV

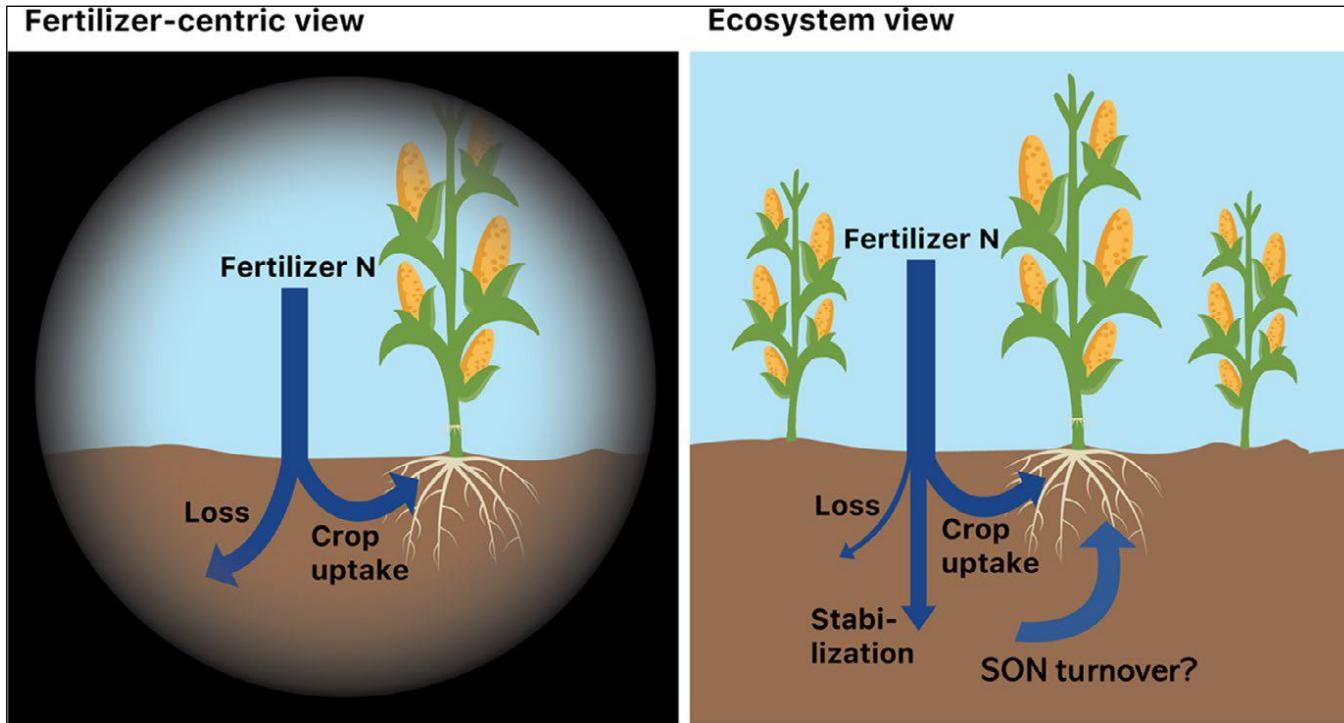
e.g. Morocco





6. Rotations, nutrient legacies and crop mix

N



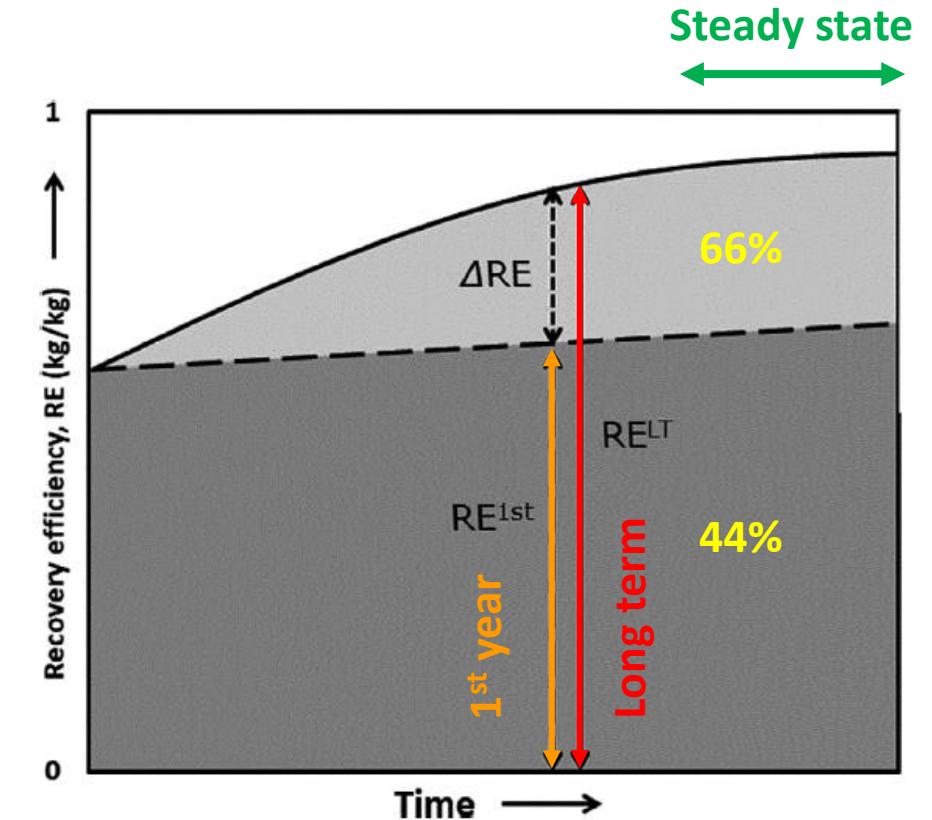
Only 30-44% of fertilizer applied is recovered the same year

Residual effect can represent a non-negligible contribution

Yan et al. 2019 (GCB)

Quemada et al. 2019 (EJA)

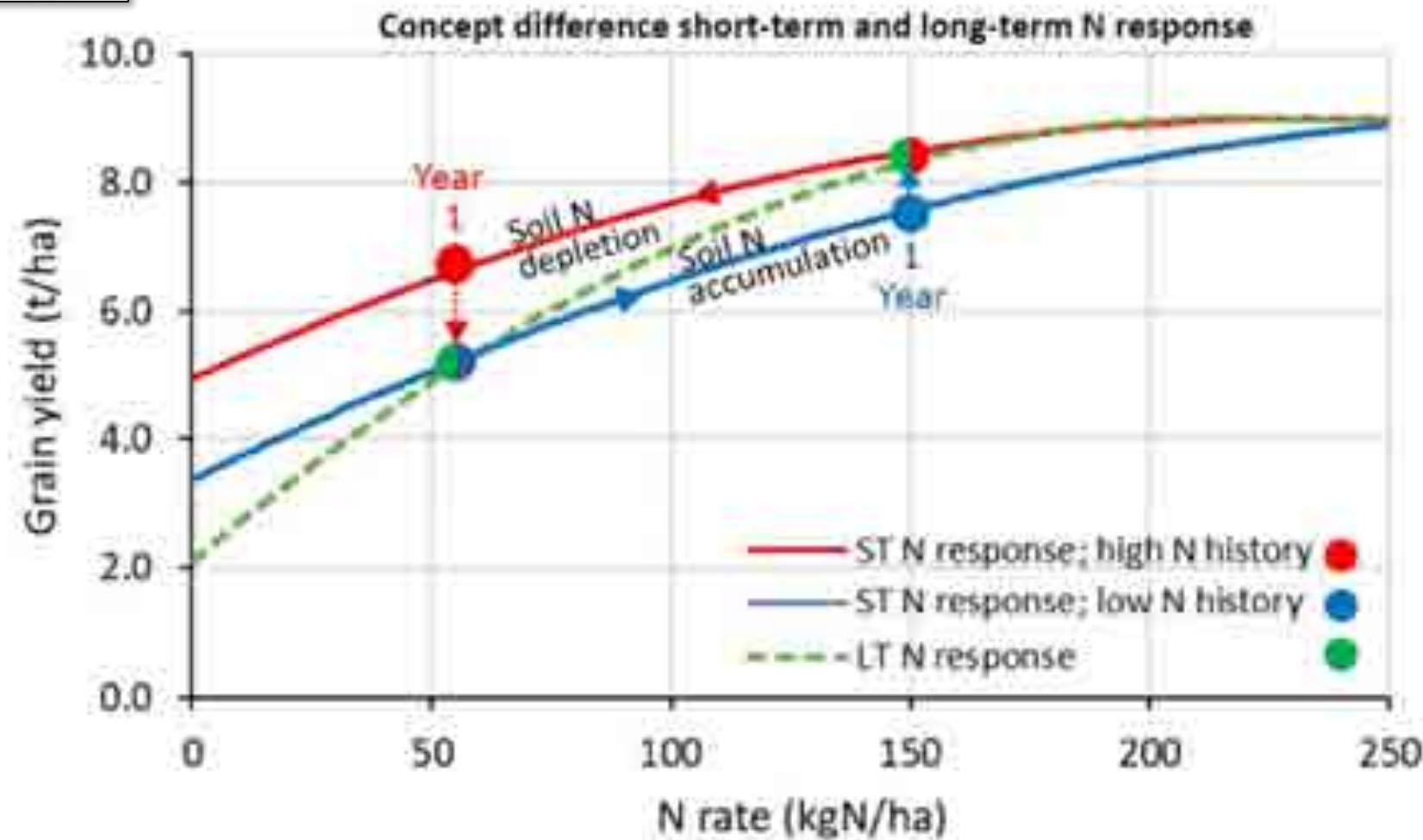
Long term trials



Vonk et al. 2022 EJ. Soil Science

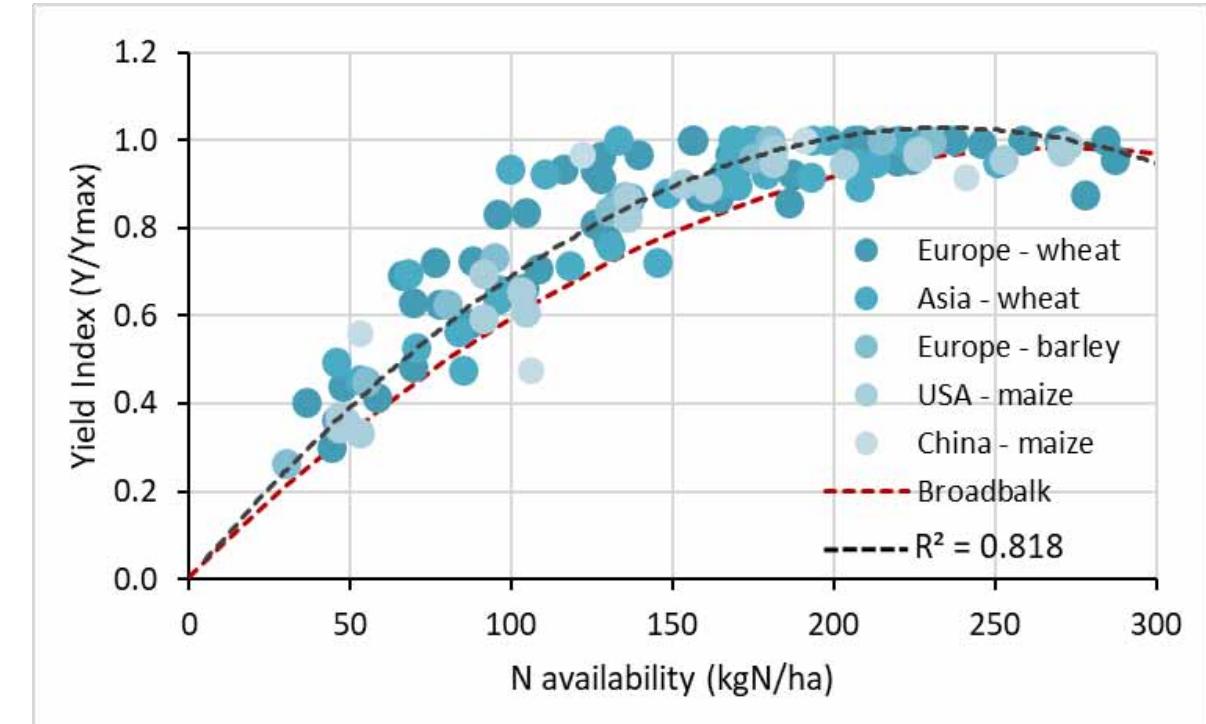
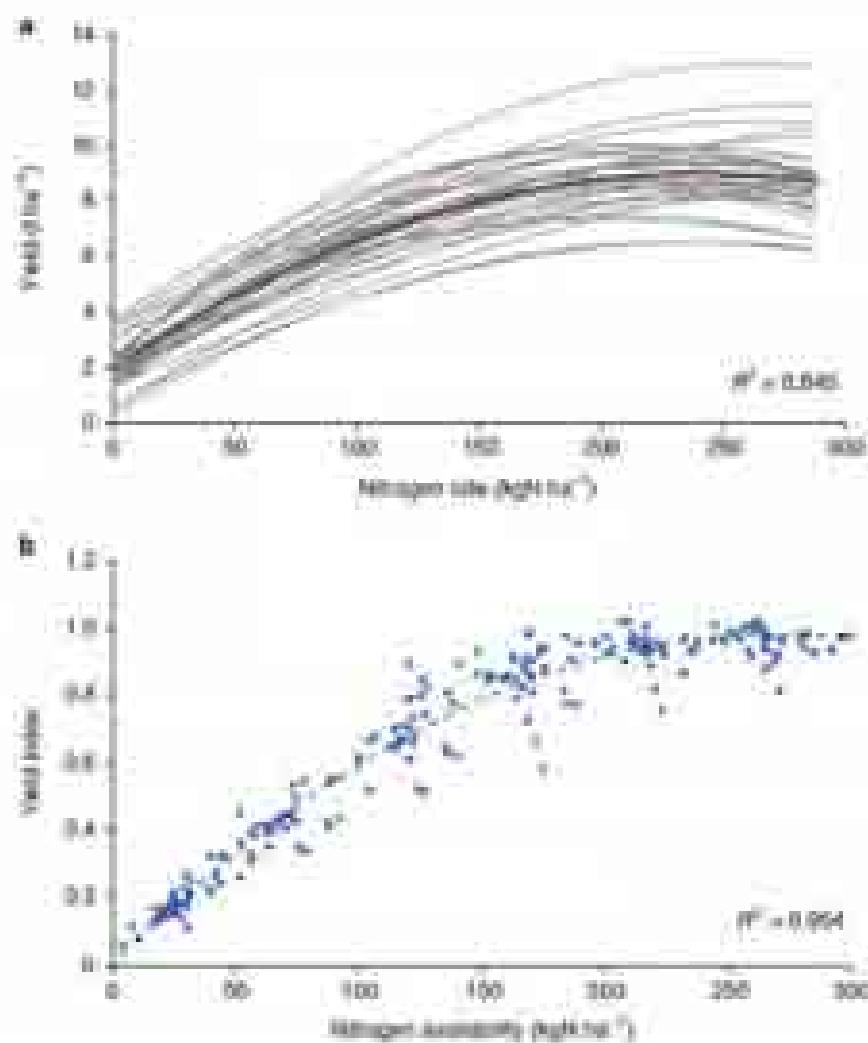


25 Long-Term cereal trials



6. Rotations, nutrient legacies and crop mix

Long-term unscaled N response for 25 LTEs

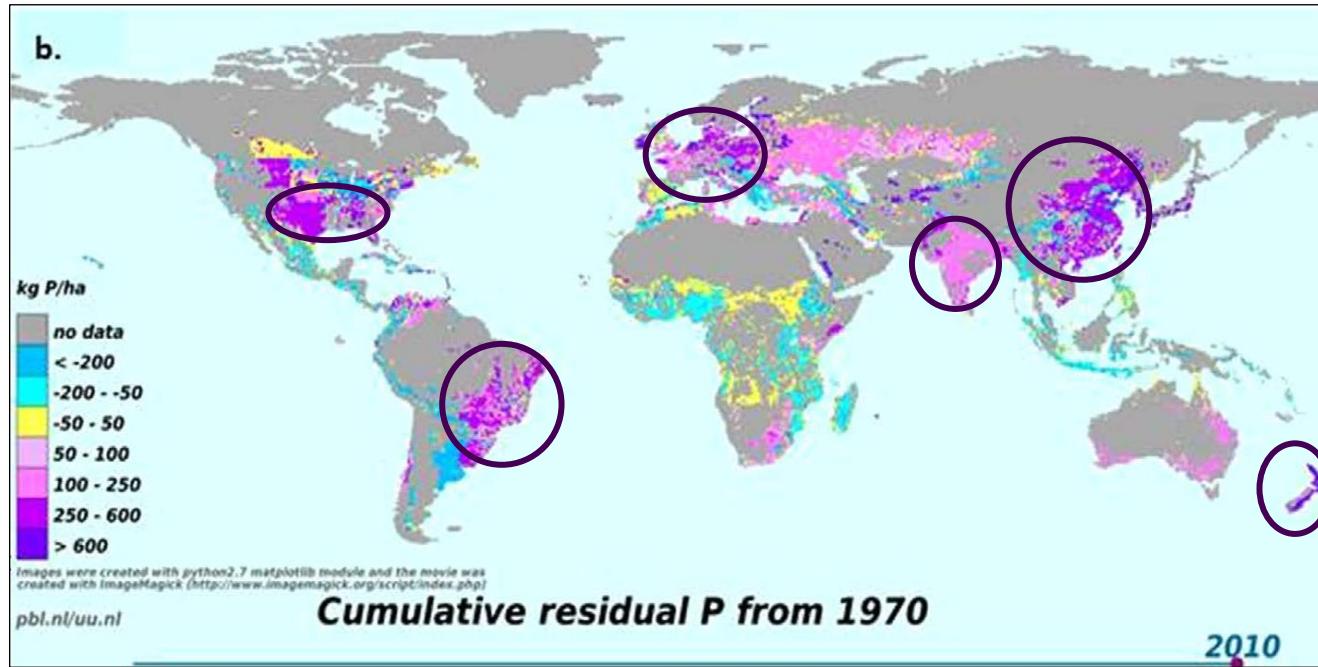


Adoption of LT curves has important implications on the estimation of N needs

6. Rotations, nutrient legacies and crop mix

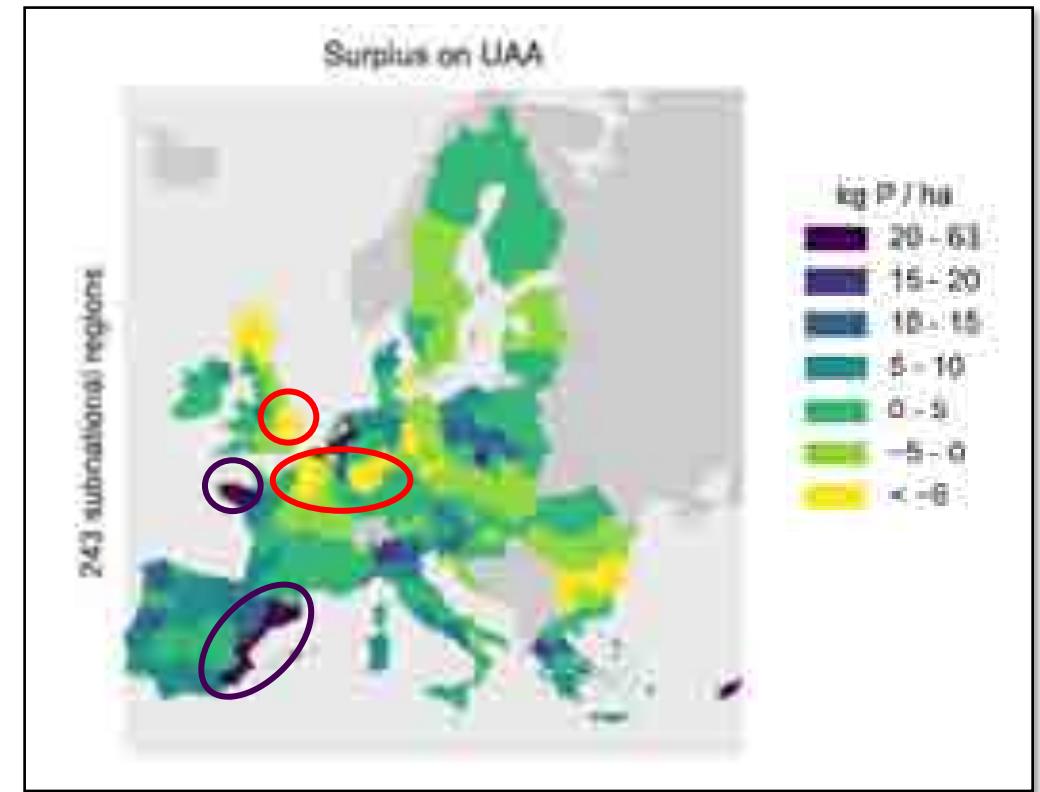
P

Strong accumulation of P that can be reused during decades



Bouwman et al. 2017 (Sci. Rep.)

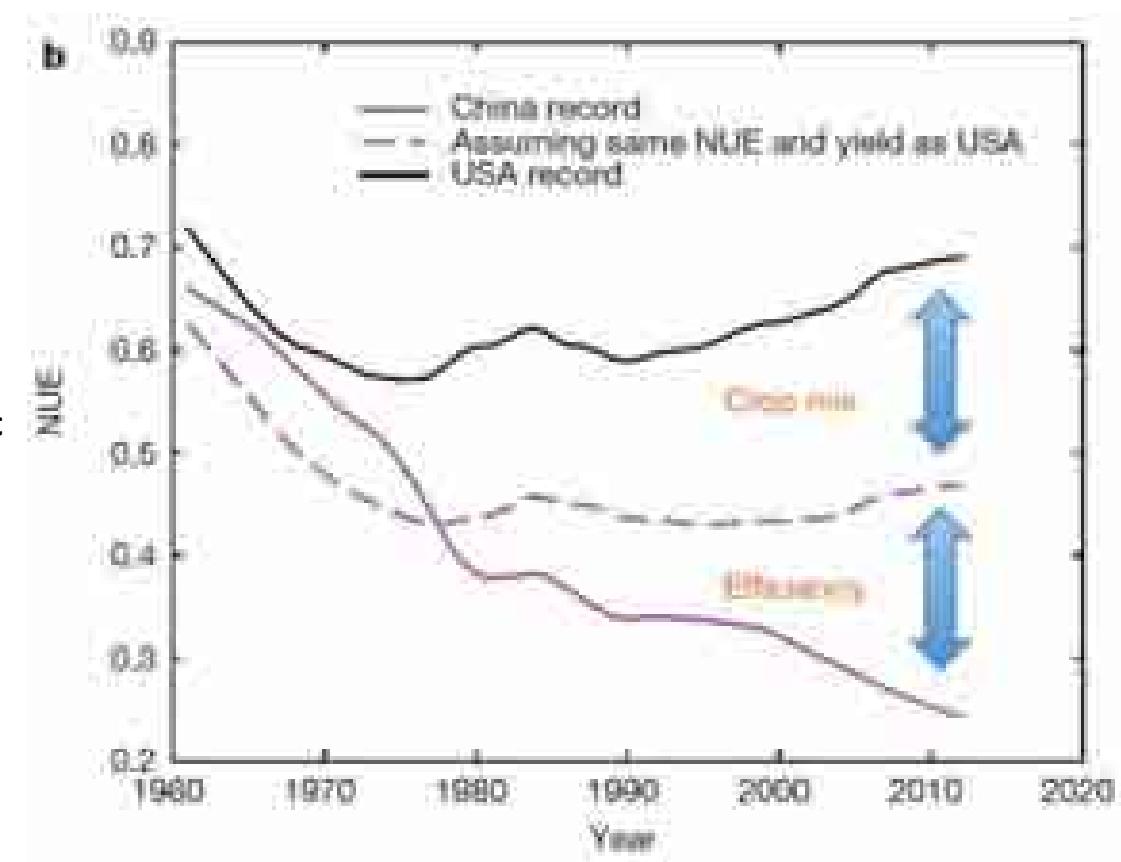
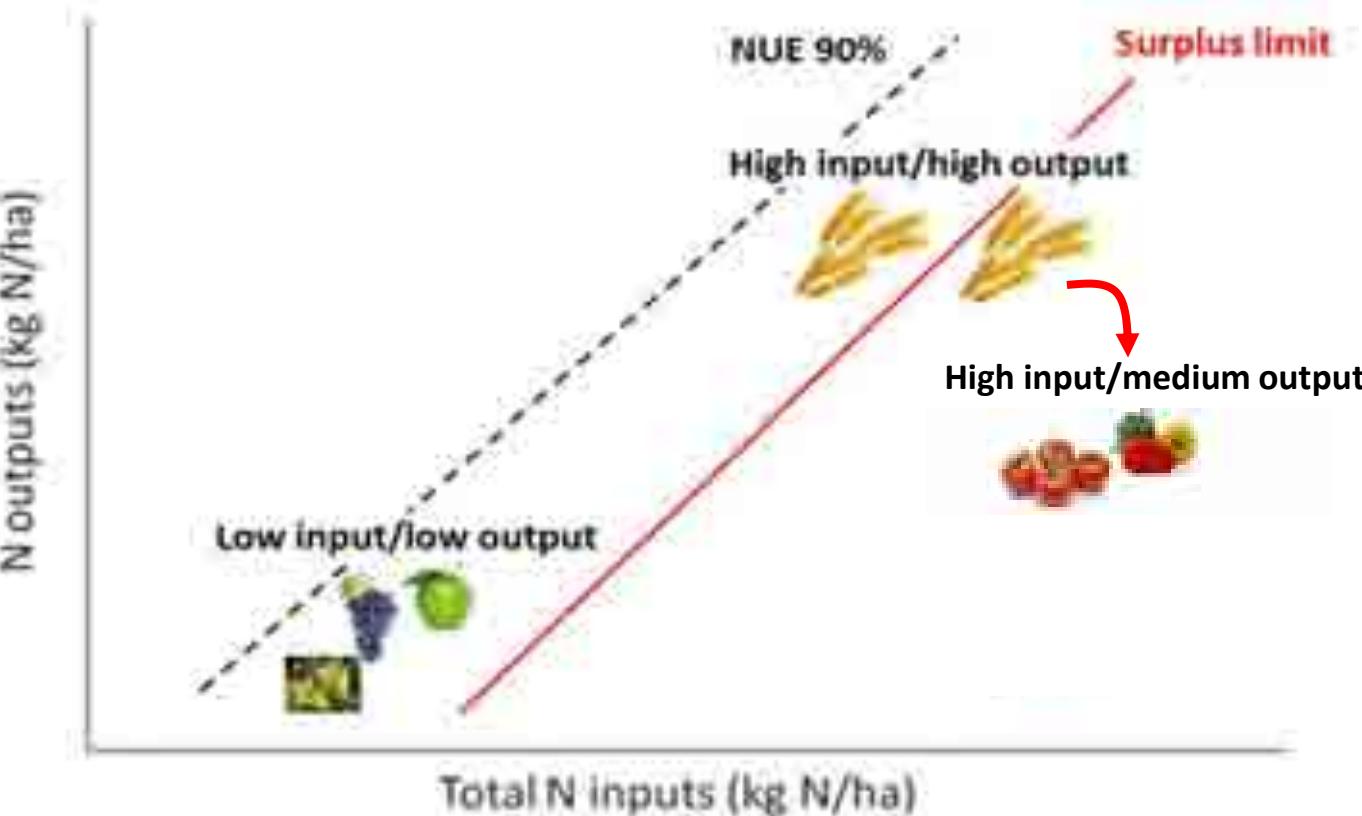
Some regions in EU are using this legacy while other regions are still accumulating



Einarsson et al. 2017 (Sci. Rep.)

6. Rotations, nutrient legacies and crop mix

N



7. Future global scenarios

The Shared Socioeconomic Pathways

	SSP1 Sustainability	SSP2 Business as usual BAU	SSP3 Fragmentation	SSP4 Inequality	SSP5 Fossil fuelled developed
Population (2100; billion)	7 Lowest	9.1	12.8 Highest	9.5	7.4
GDP	↑↑	↑↑		Unequal	↑↑↑
Environmental concern	↑↑↑	↑↑		Unequal	↑↑
Crop productivity	↑↑↑	↑↑		Unequal	↑↑↑
Livestock efficiency	↑↑↑	↑↑		Unequal	↑↑↑
Meat consumption	↓↓		↑↑		↑↑↑

Van Vuuren et al. 2012 (Clim. Change)

	SSP1 Sustainability	SSP2 BAU	SSP3 Fragmentation	SSP4 Inequality	SSP5 Fossil fuelled developed
NUE	60%-70%- 85% Based on Zhang et al. (2015) targets	Based on curves	Based on curves	Based on curves	Based on curves
Ymax	From NUE	GDP curves	Almost stagnated	Wealth dependent	GDP curves
Manure	Fully to crops	As previous	As previous	As previous	As previous

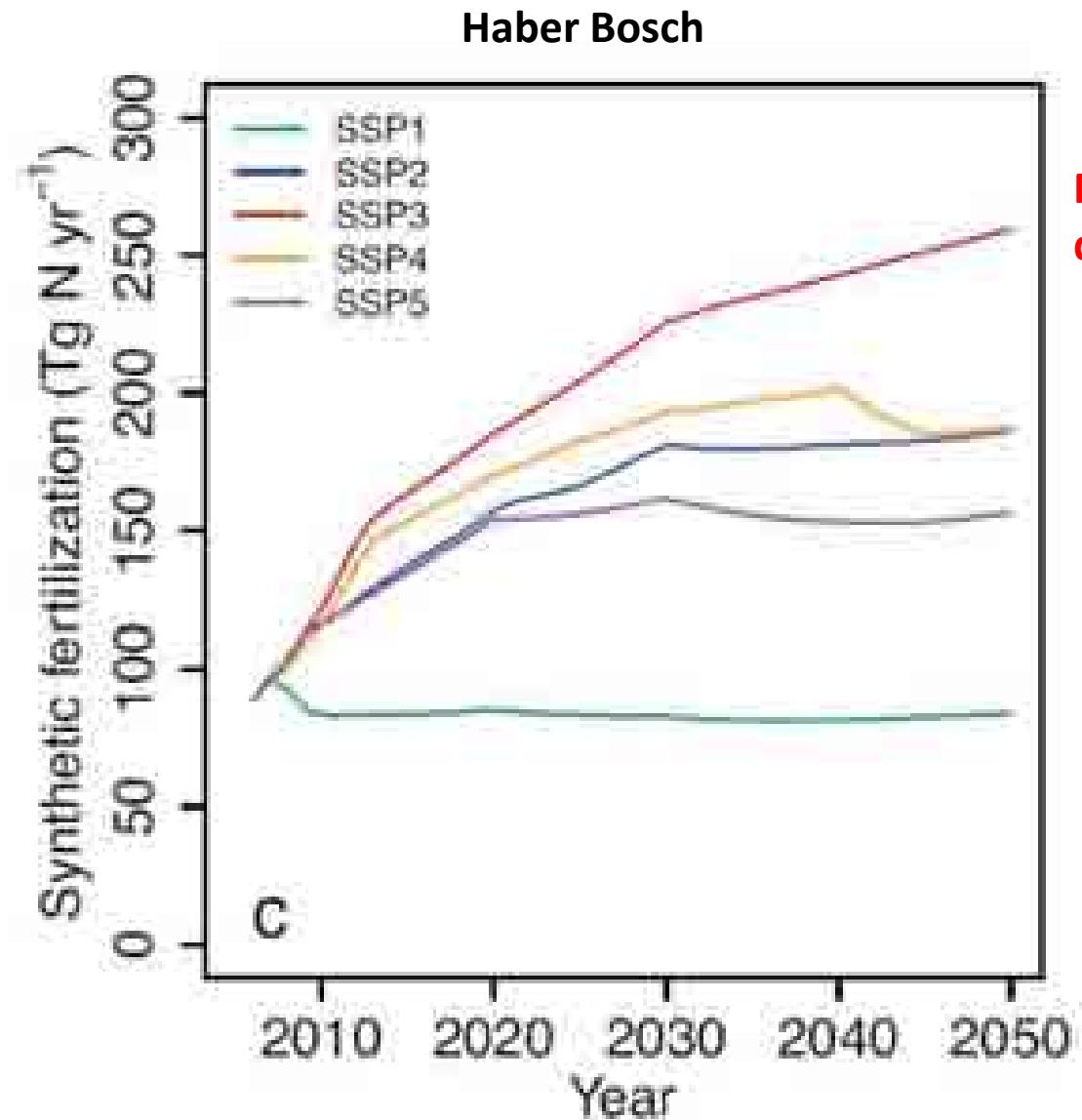
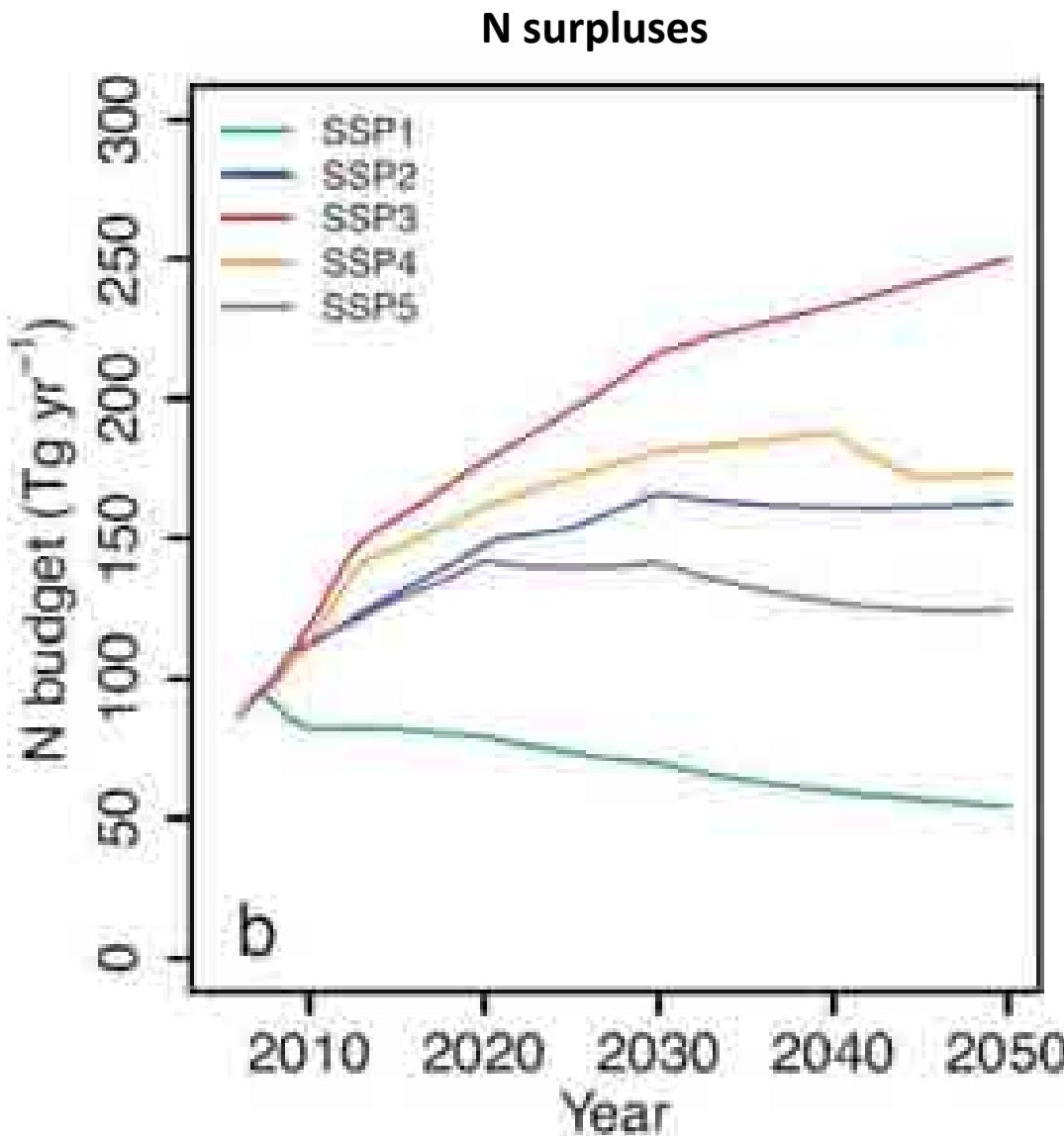
NUE max 85%

NUE min 20%

Mogollón et al., 2018 (ERL)

7. Future scenarios

N

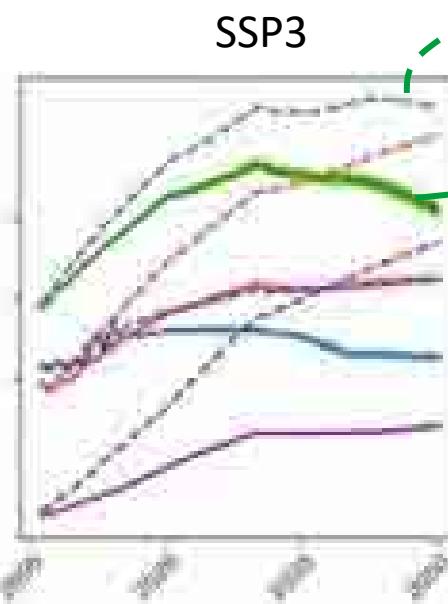
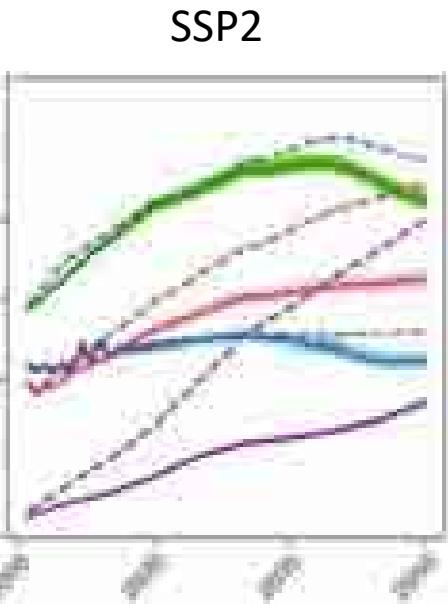
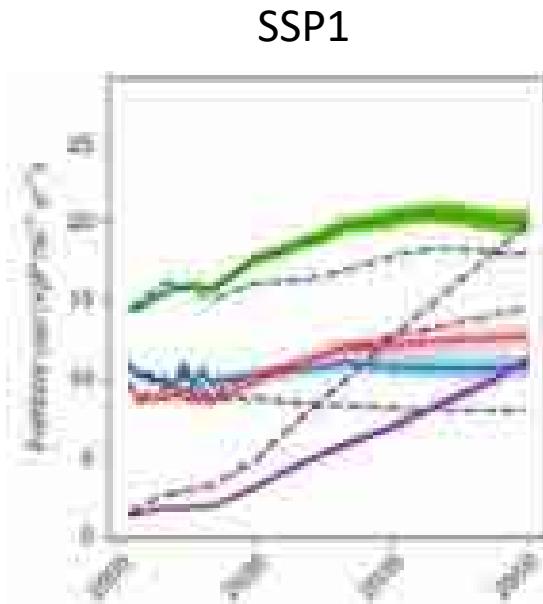


More than double!

Slightly lower than today

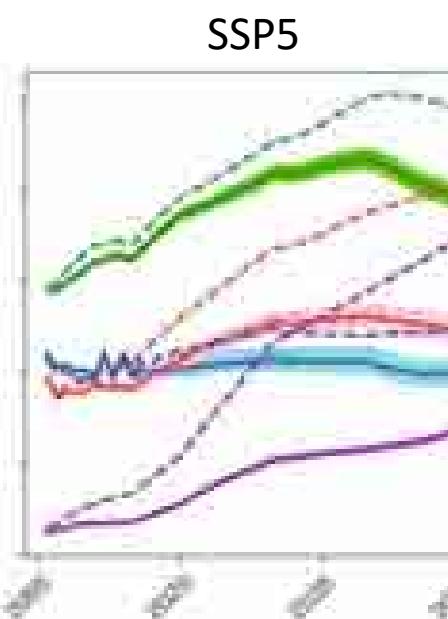
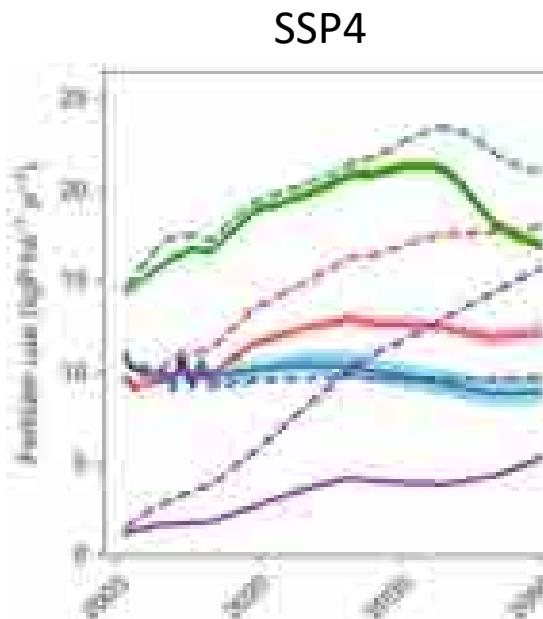
7. Future scenarios

P



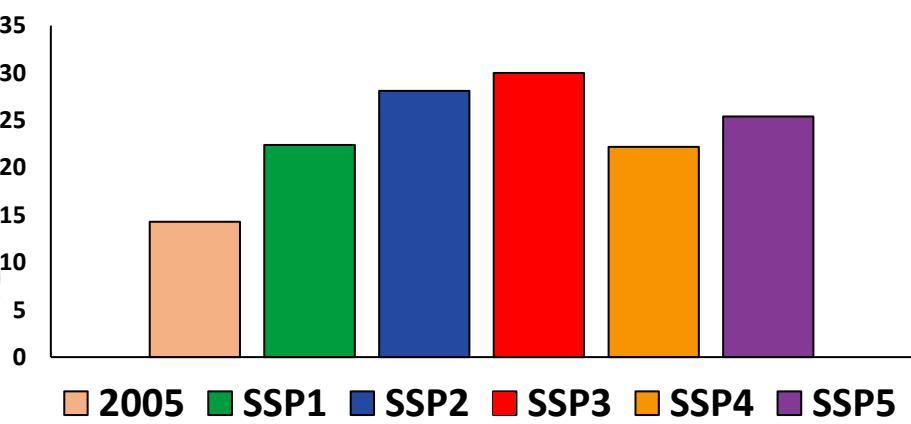
Constant land

Expansion



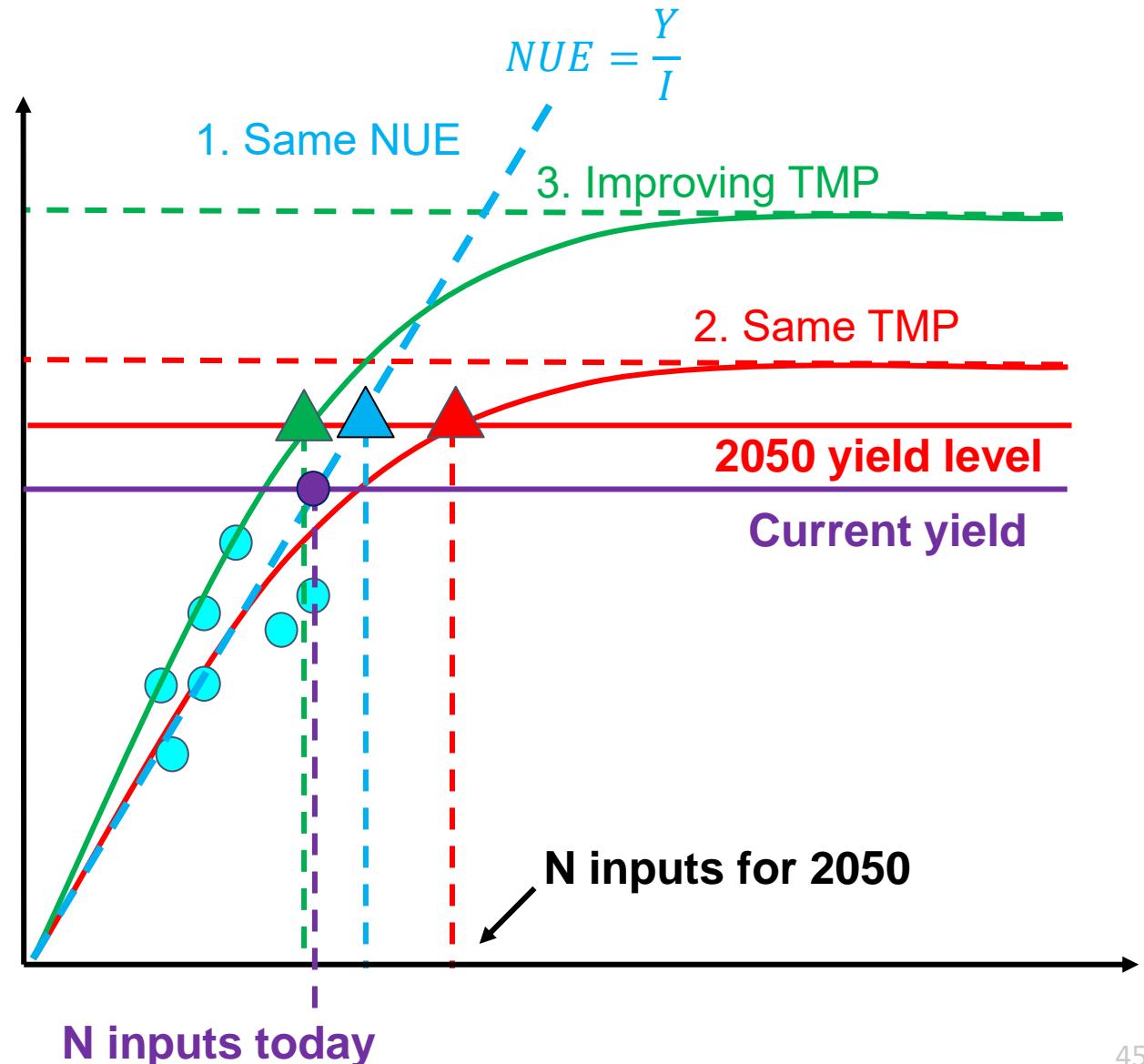
HI countries
SSA
LMI countries
BRIC

Total P consumption (TgP/yr)



Approach for projecting N inputs in cropland

- **Three scenarios are designed**
- Yield response function: One-parameter hyperbolic
- Estimating N inputs required for 2050 food demand

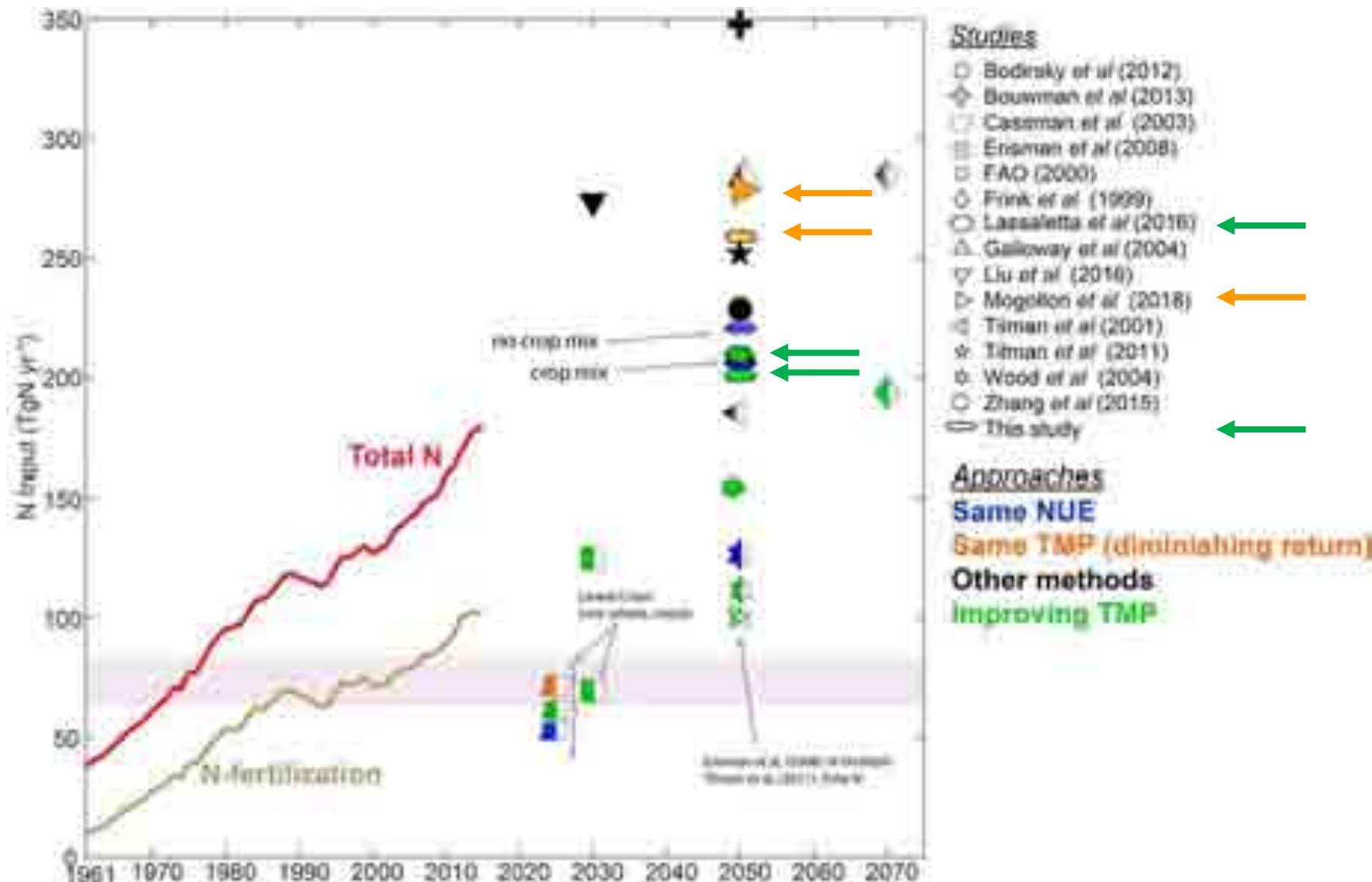


NUE: Nitrogen use efficiency, yield/inputs

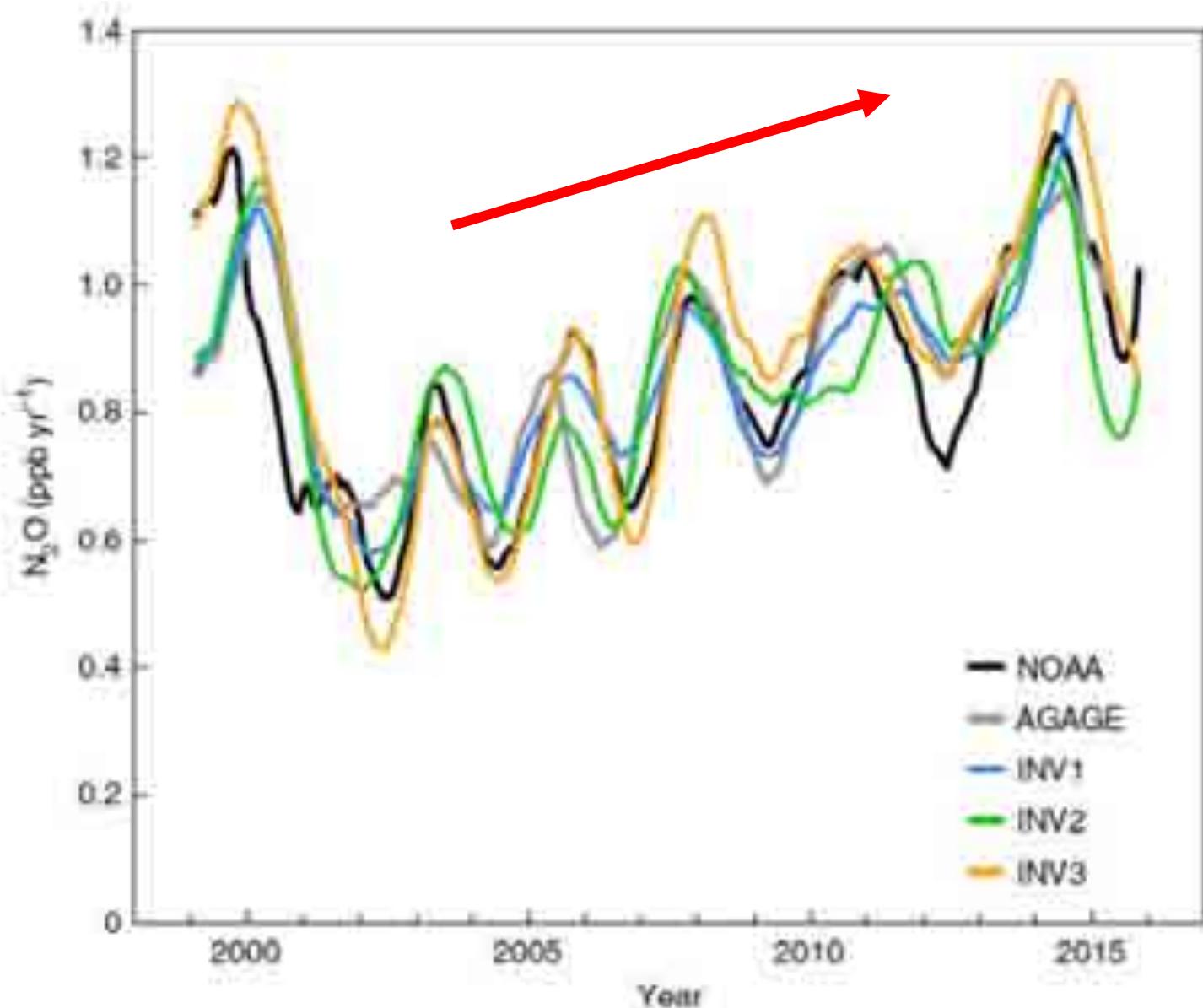
Asymptote of hyperbolic curve

TMP: Technology and management practices

Comparison of global N projection

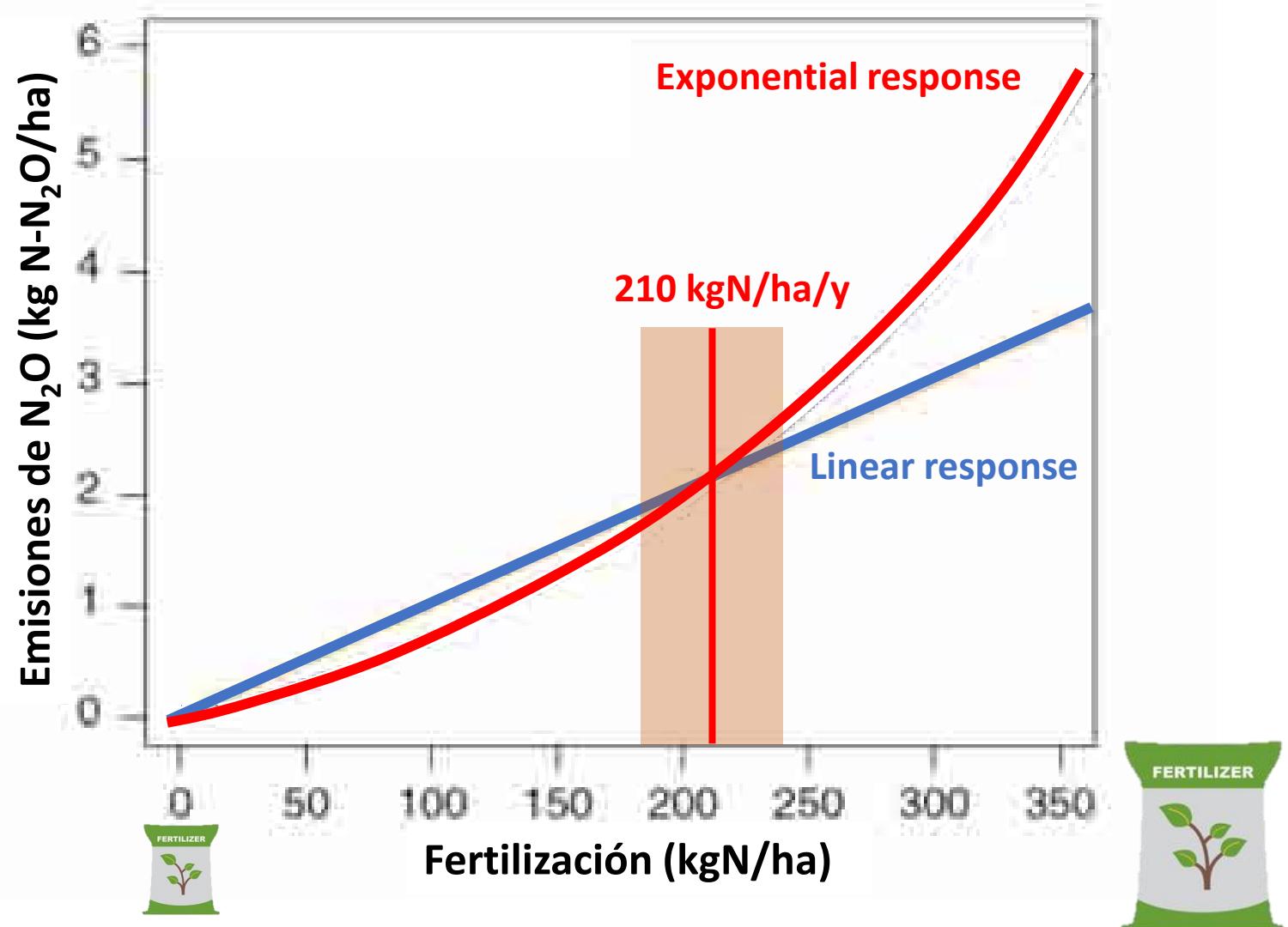


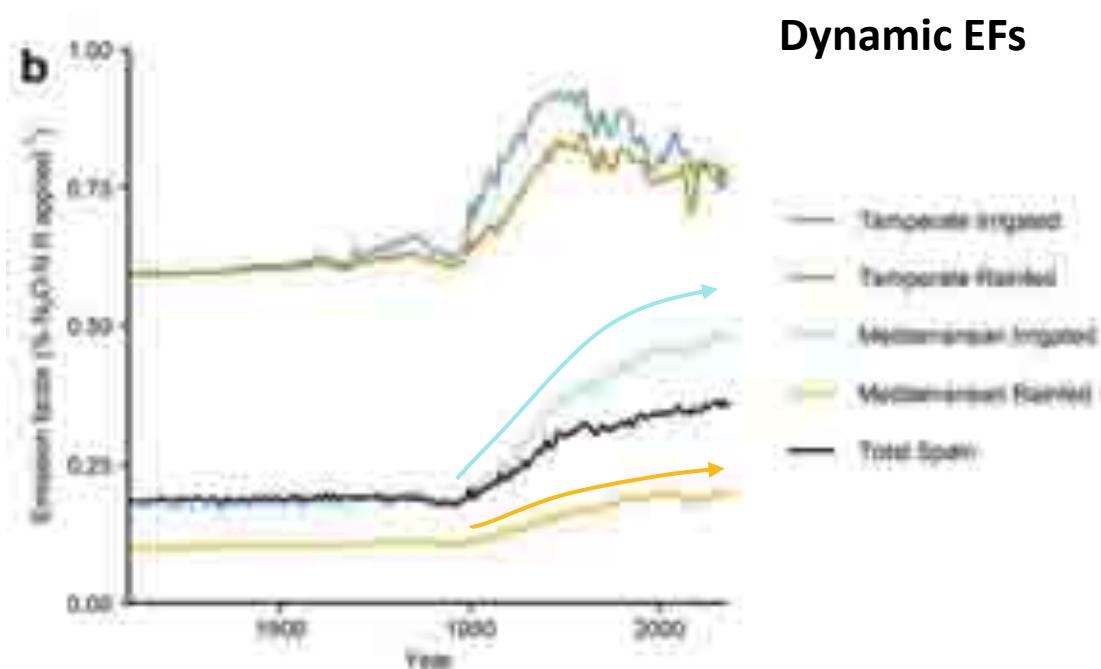
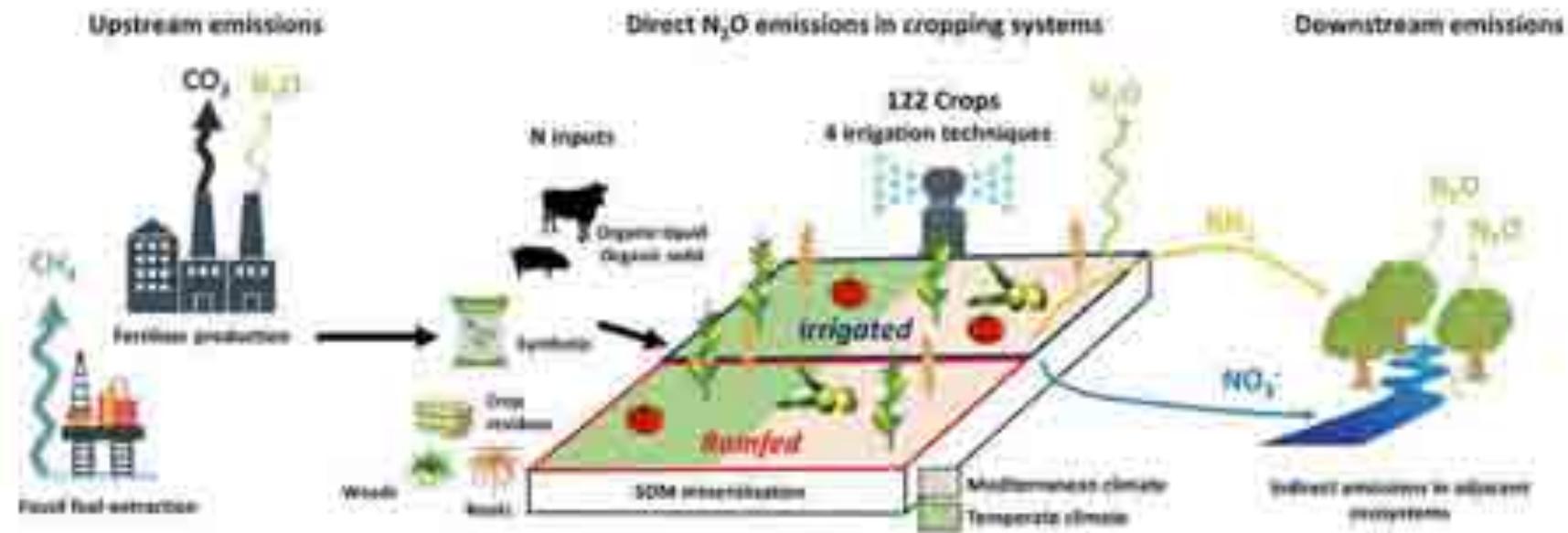
Growth rates of N_2O



Thompson, Lassaletta et al. 2019 (Nat. Climate Change)

Linear response: Emission Factor
IPCC Tier-1: 1%





Conclusions

- The **consumption** of synthetic fertilisers has increased **9-fold and 4-fold for nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P)** during the past six decades promoting significant yield increases but also important environmental problems
- The **crop expansion** and **intensification** but also other drivers such as contrasting **efficiencies, crop mix, soil legacies and diverse structure of agro-food systems** have affected the observed trends regionally and globally.
- The **future** has to be written but the lack of a **coordinate action** at different levels and sectors could result in an **unaffordable environmental burden** associated with **too high consumption** and **nutrient surpluses**.
- Action has to consider the **multidimensional, multidisciplinary and multiscale** nature of the challenge
- **N₂O emissions can be trigger if fertilization rates grow beyond certain limits without efficient mitigation measures**

THANKS TO MY COLLEAGUES!!



Alberto
Sanz-Cobeña



Miguel Quemada



Eduardo Aguilera



Marga Ruiz-Ramos



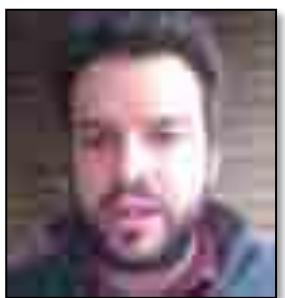
Antonio
Vallejo



Alfredo Rodríguez-
Sánchez



Benjamín S.
Gimeno



Guillermo Guardia



Gilles Billen



Josette Garnier



Xin Zhang



Rasmus Einarsson



Nathan Mueller



Lex Bouwman



Arthur Beusen



Hans van Grinsven



José Mogollón



Estela Romero

COLLABORATORS:



Halving nitrogen waste by 2030
24th - 28th October 2022, Madrid

School of Agriculture, Food and Biosystems Engineering, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid

SPONSORS:



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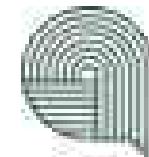
CONFERENCIA
MULTIESTRUCTURA
DE NITROGENO



Thank you very much

luis.lassalletta@upm.es

Funding



agrogreen
sudoe

AgroSceNA-UP (PID2019-107972RB-I00)

Ramón y Cajal Fellowship (RYC-2016-20269)



References (1/2)

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